

THE
Female Critick :
OR,
LETTERS in Drollery
FROM
LADIES
TO
Their humble Servants.

With a LETTER to the Author
of a Satyr call'd,

The True-born English-man.

L O N D O N,
Printed for E. Rumball, at the Post-house
in Russel-street, Covent-Garden. 1701.

THE
FEMALE CRITICK:
OR

LETTERS IN DRESS

FROM
LADIES

TO
THEIR HUMBLE SERVANTS

WHO WISH BETTER TO THE AUTHOR
OF THIS WORK



Printed for J. Knapton, at the Post-Office, 1701.

TO THE
Honourably Descended,

A N D

Most hopeful Young Gentleman,

George Savile, Esq;

SIR,

THe *Letters* containing
divers Objections a-
gainst several of our Sex, I
thought I cou'd not more
properly present them, than
to a Person against whom
no Objection can be made,
ving obtain'd a general
Opinion of being a most In-

A 2

ge-

The Epistle

genious, Accomplish'd, and
(what completes your Character) a most Vertuously-
inclin'd Gentleman, un-
touch'd by the Vices of the
Times, which taint and sully
the Reputations of many,
who wou'd otherwise be the
Ornaments of the Age; in-
somuch that whilst Your
great Fortune was in sus-
pence, You had the univer-
sal Wishes of all that knew
your Person or Character,
for the Heiring that vast
Estate of the Right Honour-
able the late Marquess of
Halifax, (to whom You had
th

Dedicatory.

the Honour of being nearly Related) and which You now enjoy. Nor is it a little Addition to Your Happiness, the very near relation you bear to that most beloved Family, the Right Honorable the Countess of *Montefelto*, the Honorable and Full Gentleman, Colonel *Savile*, and the most incomparably Ingenious Ladies, their Sisters, who are never nam'd without the Epithet of *That Good Family*; who take that delight in doing of Good, as if they had no other Errand into the World: To

HT

A 3

whom

The Epistle, &c.

whom I am so infinitely oblig'd in my own particular, that I cou'd not without Ingratitude pass by one Opportunity of making publick Acknowledgement thereof. That a full Harvest may follow your most hopeful Spring of all these Vertuous Precepts inculcated into You by Your Reverend and most Religious Father, and that Your Happiness may increase with Your Years, is the hearty Wish of,

S I R,

Your most humble Servant,

M. S.

THE

THE
PUBLISHER
TO THE
READER:

Reader,

Should I tell you these Letters were written by some Ladies extempore, without Revisal or Correction, when they met together for their Diversion, you wou'd chuse whether you wou'd believe me; and since there is an Act for Liberty of Conscience, I will not go about to force your Faith: but in this I dare

To the Reader.

dare be positive, That there be many of the Fair Sex that can write Letters with that Sense, quickness of Thought, and richness of Fancy, that the most Ingenious of our Sex might be proud to be thought the Authors of them; not to mention the French Lady's from Spain, and others made publick, but by what I have had the Honour to see in divers private ones. I speak not this in Complement of Courtship, having sped that way already in as good a Wife as ever Heaven made a Man happy in; but as it is my real Opinion, according to the best of my Judgment. But all this is from my Commission, which only extends to these Heads, viz. That I had liberty to publish them if I thought fit; That if it be ask'd, What Lawyer, Cour-

To the Reader.

Courtier, &c. is meant? The Answer is, Such only as they hit. And lastly, That no notice will be taken of any faults the Criticks may object, except such as may come by way of Reply, in the same Strain; and if such cannot be answer'd, their Authors may go off in Triumph. Vale.

To the Reader.

be continued, I have thought it was best
to continue it in the same form; and I have
kept it as the country was of Truly
and find the Chinese may object, etc.
I hope that no notice will be taken of
it. Such only as they may find
interesting.

LETTERS

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LETTER I.

To the Criticks.

YOU will say this is a bold Salley;
at first dash to assail the Dragons of
the Age: But my Rest is now up, and
the care for the danger taken. Therefore
first to You, who run down all Wit, to
have it thought your own is superiour;
who exercise a Despotick Power, like the
Great Turk, and, like Him, disdain to give
any Reasons for your Executions: yet,
since you judge of others Writings by the
Standard of your own Brains, were I an
Author, I should dote on your dislike;
for should you approve, it would make me
suspect you understood me. Next, to
You, who shew more of danger, the ter-
rible Lampooners, who pass over Moun-
tains of your own Faults to attack the
Mole-hills of others; and, as Toads are
fed by Infections, so, did not some Mis-
carriages happen to feed your Malice,
B you

you wou'd soon be famish'd. You have a Charter from Nature to write uncontroll'd, none caring to meddle with you, for fear of being suspected to be of the same Leven. Our Sex are usually the Subjects you exercise your Valour on; for you will no more Write against a Man than you'll Fight against a Man: Knowing also, shou'd we answer you, such a regard of you wou'd more reflect on us than your dull Lampoons. But the most dreadful Criticks are the Satyrists; You who, like a Deluge, are for swallowing up all the Vertues of our Sex at one swoop; rallying up all the Vices, from the primitive Woman down to those of your own Mothers and Sisters, and throwing them all upon our whole Sex: yet so stupidly blind, as not to consider, how much severer every Lash you give is upon your selves. Shall Man condemn us of Pride, whose Ambition leads him to the subverting all Laws Divine and Humane for the exerting a Power over his Fellow-Creatures? Shall He tax our Sex with Lewdness, forgetting who acts the Devil's part to tempt them to it? Or accuse us of Ignorance, when the Errors in
his

LETTER I.

3

his Philosophy, Politicks, Arts and Sciences, daily proclaim his? and whilst himself debars us of the Key of Knowledge, Learning? Yet, when a *Phillips* hath escap'd his words, the most ingenious of your own Sex, *Cowley*, cou'd say,

*We our old Title plead in vain ;
Man may be Head, but Woman's now the
[Brain.]*

Shall they reflect on our Inconstancy, who are daily vexing one another with new Notions, seldom waking with the same Thoughts they went to sleep? and in Love-matters, a new Face is but as a new *Gazette*, to be thrown by as soon as read over? You accuse us of Vanity, whilst 'tis the study of your most refin'd Wits to feed it in us. Shall the Idol be accus'd by his Idolaters, for confessing those Attributes they give him? But certainly the Philosopher that laugh'd to see the Ass mumble Thistles, had burst his Spleen to have seen your Heroes affecting the Title of a Deity, when their Omnipotency cou'd not cure the Tooth-ach; a Philosopher beating his Brains about a *Vacuum*, which

is just Nothing ; a Vertuoso in pursuit of the perpetual Motion, conclude only in an eternal round of Thoughts, to as much purpose as the other ; a Chymist sweating for the Philosopher's Stone, without other effect than instead of turning all into Gold , in converting all his Gold into Smoke ; and a Politician labour under great fatigues of his Brains , to plot himself into an Halter. Then there be your Beauty-Criticks, who are for unrigging all the fine Faces they meet, for not being dress'd in Features to their Minds : But what shews it Fancy, and not Judgment, is, that they can bear the Reflection of their own without breaking the Glass. But be warn'd by Sir *T. H---*'s Fate, who after he had condemn'd all the Beauties about Town, was smitten (as a Judgment on his Folly) by a stale Punk, and fancy'd her Eyes (tho' like Candle-ends sunk in their Sockets) two radiant Suns ; her Voice to be all Harmony, tho' utter'd more from her Nose than her Mouth ; and her Breath beyond the Eastern Perfumes, tho' it wou'd have poyson'd a Polecat. But perhaps he was taken with her Art and Ingenuity, for she
ow'd

LETTER I.

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ow'd not an inch of her Face to Nature,
and her Limbs were kept together by Art.
There be also your young sucking Cri-
ticks: Striplings, that as soon as their
Teeth are grown will shew them in pretty
little Invectives against Matrimony: but
'tis pleasant enough a little after to find
them shaking their Heels, their Teeth
chattering in their Heads, in a bitter mor-
ning under their Mistresses Windows,
adoring the Thresholds they have pass'd.
As for the *Beaux*, or Dress-Criticks, they
are harmless inoffensive Animals, and
spend so much time in conversing with
themselves in the Glass, that they have
little leisure to disturb the rest of the
World. To conclude; After all your
boasted Pre-eminence, where is the Man
hath the front to say, the Wisest of Your
Sex hath not been often made an Ass by
Ours? The furtherance whereof (as occa-
sion offers) shall be the care of,

Messieurs, &c.

B 3

LET-

LETTER II.

To a Captain.

AS I have hitherto defended my little Fort against all your Assaults, so I shall to the last drop of Blood; and good reason; for if You vanquish, I expect no Quarter: Nay, Hanging must not serve my turn; for I expect what is a thousand times worse; To be made a Slave, chain'd to an Oar, where I am like to tug out a wretched Life in the rotten leaky Galley of Matrimony. A Captain! Heavens deliver me. I shou'd in your Arms appear like a Pigeon truss'd up by a Vulture, expecting at every motion his Talons in his Flesh. To hear your Prowess always grumbling like your Drums; then thundering out Volleys of Oaths; to have you come home at Three in the morning, after a Tavern-quarrel about a Punk, where Bottles fly about for Cannon-Balls: Then am I forc'd to cut my Velvet Scarf to pieces to patch up your Face, and give it out they were Wounds got in an honourable

LETTER H.

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nable Duel. When you come from the Camp, to bring me home your Sutler's Wife's leavings, (and no dishonour, since your God of War had but a Blacksmith's Wife to his Mistress ;) then I bake all your Cloaths to destroy the Inhabitants; for tho' you go out with a single Company, you generally return *a thousand strong*. So to Bed, where my Skin is scarified with your rough Hide, parch'd with Summer-heats, and chapp'd with North-winds. Perhaps you dream a Rascal is running from his Colours, whip out of Bed for your Cane, and thrash me to a Jelly. Before the Year is gone about, I am deliver'd of a Thunderbolt, got on the head of an old Drum, (for you Officers stand not nicely ~~on~~ Conveniencies ;) the Bantling as soon as he comes into the World bawls out for a Bottle and a Whore. Next Pacquet brings word my Heroe is slain ; farewell Subsistence-Money. Before you are in the Crows belly, I make my Son and Heir a Powder-Monkey, and follow the Camp my self with Bottle-Ale and Brandy. So, good Captain, face about whilst your Cloaths are whole ; for if Pay keeps not touch, I prophesie I shall soon see You in

more tatters than your Colours, and then
you'll be out of heart further to attempt,

Sir, &c.

LETTER III.

To a Poet.

AT the reading of yours, a thousand
shining Idea's represented themselves
to my Imagination: nor had Rapture a
Tongue, cou'd I with it aim at the expres-
sing the Joys flow'd upon me from them.
To have Marriage offer'd me by one of
the Sons of *Apollo*, Heir-apparent to a fair
Estate on *Parnassus*! What an Equipage
shou'd I have! *Cupid* for my Page, the
Graces for my Maids of Honour; and
then, for other Attendants, I wou'd put
the Muses into Breeches, (they must be
good confident Wenches, they are so fa-
miliar with the Poets.) If I have a mind to
hunt with *Diana*, up flies *Pegasus* ready
bridl'd and saddl'd, and prays me to mount.
Shou'd

LETTER III.

9

Shou'd I have a mind to pay a visit to some of the Godeffes, doubtless *Apollo* wou'd lend his Daughter-in-law his Chariot ; there we are treated with *Nectar* and *Ambrosia*. But this Repast, and the other Honours, being only to be enjoy'd by the Mind, so might I wed that without being troubl'd with your Body, I shou'd study to value the Blessing ; therefore must wait till their separation happens. Nor do I believe you think your Corporal Person worthy to be brought into the Articles, since you shew your contempt of it by your scurvily maintaining of it, and exposing it to all Indignities. Even your Prince *Homer* begg'd for small Beer, whilst his Mind drank immortal Liquor with the Gods : But then his Memory grew famous after through the whole World ; which is that part alone of you I can fancy. Therefore, if your Passion for me be really more than one of your Fictions, make haste to die, and I'll fly to embrace it. For, alas ! what shou'd You do in this World, whose Estate, Interest, and Acquaintance lie wholly in another ? Nor is this worthy of your Conversation, from the little regard it hath of you. Shou'd

it

it be my Fate to go first, I doubt not but you will fix me a Star in the Firmament, and question not there of my Influence continually towards you, till we meet in *Elizium*, where (if I pop not into *Lethe* by the way, and forget all) be assured of enjoying an eternal Spring of Youth and Love in those Fields of Light and Floods of endless Pleasures with,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER IV.

II

LETTER IV.

To a Gentleman that had a red Nose.

I Wonder not you should talk so much of Flames, having a Beacon always blazing in your sight; and that brightness you say sits on my Face, I can think to be no other than a reflection from your Nose: But certainly you need not doubt of inflaming a Lady's heart, when you have Fire enough in your Face to consume her whole Body to Ashes. Your Conversation, like other transitory things of this World, hath its conveniencies and inconveniencies: In Winter I may warm my Hands at your Face: but in Summer, how can I dwell so near the *Torrid Zone*? And I fancy it was with such a Nose that *Jove* scorch'd *Semele*. The Flames of it puts us in mind of *Hymen's* chearful Torches; but then it also carries wth it a *Memento Mori*, by bringing into our thoughts the Funeral Pile. Your Estate may all run into
Claret

Claret to maintain it ; but then you'll say you can pawn it for more, being stuck with Rubies sufficient for a King's Ransom. It will secure you from Deeds of Darkness from its own Light : but then it must disturb your Rest, from the danger of firing your Lodging with it. Certainly *Tavernier* had given a good Sum for such a Nose, when he travell'd the *Desarts* of *Arabia*, where no Fuel was to be had, for the conveniency of roasting his Meat by it, being also ready for his Mouth before it cool'd. But a sudden thought strikes terror into me : Methinks it appears the Type of Hell, by *the Worms which never die*, and *the Fire which never goes out* ; therefore as I wou'd shun that, so I must your Conversation, which, with that dreadful Apprehension, would always appear very terrible to the mind of,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER V.

To a Doctor of Physick.

YOU tell me, Doctor, I have killing Eyes : Were they join'd with your killing Art, we might soon depopulate a Kingdom. But how can you tax me with the Cruelty of murdering young Gentlemen, when you spare neither Sex, Age nor Condition ? Say, should I take your Dose of Love, what advantage wou'd it be to you ? If it works not well, it will not help you ; and if it works clear off, you are but where you were. I must confess, by marrying of you I might gain the glorious Title of being a Martyr for my Country ; for your mortifying Experiments made on me might conduce to the saving the Lives of others. But the mischief is, I shall not enjoy the Glory of it when I am gone. But I am not satisfied in your Religion ; certainly you cannot be a Protestant, since you and the Papists so exactly agree in that Tenent, *That the Rich are to be kept in Purgatory as long*

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as they have Money. Shou'd I take this bitter Pill of Matrimony at your hands, it must be will guilded; and I fear I must stay so long for that quality in you, till you lose another as acceptable to a Young Woman. Besides, what Issue cou'd I expect by you, after your frequent tasting of Medicines, but to be deliver'd of an Apothecary's Shop? Yet I must confess I love Courage in a Man, and You usually make all besoul themselves you come anear. But then methinks it is a blot to your Honour, that generally you only attack the hinder parts. Yet it must be own'd your Bravery carries you thro' many dangerous Adventures, by trimming up leaky and rotten Fireships; and then venturing your selves aboard to try if they are tight, where often you come maim'd off. But I must break off abruptly; for your Letter brought so much with it off from your hands, that it hath operated thrice already, and now a fourth motion calls upon me, which makes me fear it will not cease till it hath wrought all remembrance of you out of the mind of,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER VI.

To a Beau.

WHen your Footman brought your Letter, I first wash'd my hands, and was dress'd, because I wou'd give no affront by receiving it in *dishabilie*; then reading it (which was also by a Wax-light) I perceiv'd an infallible Argument of the reality of your Passion: I mean not by the Sense, for that was laid so deep, it was all out of my reach; but by the length, that you wou'd so long for my unworthy sake hazard your Shape by keeping in a Writing-posture; nor must pass over the Civility of your Respects to me, by the Whiteness, Guilding, Scenting, regular Sealing, and exact Foldage of it: but above all, for your great Self-denial, in the losing so much precious time from the happy Converse you enjoy with your self in the Glass, who most justly may say with the Philosopher, *You are never less alone than when alone.* I presume the most agreeable return I can make

make your Amour, will be by publishing the Gallantry of it ; which I shall most zealously perform, that being the whole end that persons of your Adroitness aim at ; and it were unreasonable, as well as in vain for me, to expect Constancy of Affection from a Person who hath more worthily bestow'd it all on his own far more noble Structure ; except I were felicitised by bearing a semblable Idea with your self, then sometimes you might, by mistake, vouchsafe me a glance. But I must not intrench on your Affairs of grand Importance ; for by this time I suppose the Officers of your Wardrobe are entering your Chamber to dress you up the Idol of the *Park* and *Play* : As such, I shall ever bear a Veneration for you, without prophaning your Person with a particular Affection ; for as I know such distance becomes me, so be assur'd it shall ever be maintain'd by,

Sir, &c.

LET

LETTER VII.

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LETTER VII.

To a Dancing-Master.

EXCUSE my delay, since I cannot readily accommodate my self to your Conversation ; for you seem to me a Man revers'd, with the Gout in your Head, and your Understanding in your Heels. You appear only begun by Heav'n, and finish'd by a Fiddle ; the first giving Matter, and the last Motion ; and as if made in haste, by clapping a parcel of Crotchets into your Head instead of Brains ; tho' some believe you might have had about half an Ounce, till you danc'd them into your Legs ; whence it is, they say, your Capacity rises no higher than to instruct those Members. But many will have that a Tayler clubb'd in your making, since your outside shews more of Sense and Ingenuity than your inside. So that between Heaven, a Fiddle, and a Tayler, being made a thing that can talk and discourse,

C

tho'

18 LETTER VII.

tho' to no purpose (but that's no great matter, since you'll find my Answer to as little purpose; yet you may expect one, which take thus: By your Letter you seem to intimate that you desire (like a Grasshopper) to live in the Sunshine of my Favours; Be assur'd you shall meet with no Storms and Tempests of Frowns and Anger, (which might blast such a tender Animal;) for you appear so much a Jest, that I always smile upon you: But as for the Conjugal Tie, it were in vain for me to expect to hold fast a perpetual Motion, and one back-Caper wou'd throw you over the Hedge of Matrimony; and, as *Æsop's* Cat, that was by *Jove* metamorphos'd into a handsome Woman, cou'd not forget her old Nature, but jump out of bed at the appearance of a Mouse, so I shou'd expect you at the noise of a Fiddle under my Window: therefore be advis'd to make no further advances herein than your Kit and Hop will give you warrant for, and then your Respects may meet with a sutable return from,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER VIII.

To a Lawyer.

I Find you have fil'd a long Bill of Complaint against me. That I may not incur any Penalty for Contempt of the Court, I have here sent my Answer, and will assure you it cost me much pains to read over some Law, that I might answer you in your own heathenish Dialect, to prevent your pretences of my not giving a full and sufficient Answer, and to bar your Rejoinders; which take as follows: *The said Defendant saving to her self now, and at all times hereafter, all and all manner of benefit and advantage of Exceptions, &c. doth answer, That true it is, the said Plaintiff hath offered Articles of Marriage to her the said Defendant, and to settle on her as Joynture, all his Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments situate and lying in the County of Cook and Littleton. And also, whereas there hath been a Suit in Chancery depend-*

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ing these three hundred years, between Thomas Dulman and his Heirs, (to whom, after several Successions, the said Plaintiff is Heir-apparent) and Timothy Thickskull and his Heirs, for an Estate lying in Unfound Land: the said Plaintiff did propose to settle all his Right and Title therein to the uses as aforesaid. And likewise, whereas the said Plaintiff being a Lawyer, is by consequence in a way to be a Judge: he did propose to settle in Reversion one Moiety of the Income arising from such Post, as Pin-money, on the said Defendant, during such time as he should enjoy the same. Furthermore the said Plaintiff did propose to put into Trustees hands, for the use of the said Defendant, all his Bonds, Securities, and Specialities, being of ancient Date, and most sign'd before the Flood. And lastly, to put into Trustees hands as aforesaid, for the uses aforesaid, all the Moveables now in the possession of him the said Plaintiff; that is to say, One Gown, One furr'd Cap, One Desk, One green Bag, Fifteen Law-Books without Covers, One with a Cover, and a Temple-Mug. But the said Defendant utterly denies that she ever accepted of such Proposals. And whereas the said Plaintiff

ma-

maliciously insinuates, as if she the said Defendant had stoln away the Heart of him the said Plaintiff : the said Defendant doth positively affirm, and is ready to produce Witnesses to prove, that the said Plaintiff had long before disposed of the same to his Landress. And whereas the said Plaintiff alleges, That the Defendant had practis'd upon him with Charms, thereby disabling him from following his Studies, or attending Motions at Westminster : the said Defendant affirms, she hath been so far from any designs upon him, that she never so much as thinks there is such a person in the World ; and she verily believes he never had, or is like to have, any other Motions at Westminster, than to go thither and back again. Wherefore the said Defendant prays to be dismiss'd this Court with Costs and Charges ; and that the said Plaintiff may be enjoined never to prosecute her more.

And your Petitioner, &c.

LETTER IX.

To a Gentleman lamentably in Love.

I Received your Letter of Lamentation, wherein you vehemently implore my Pity and Compassion; and in truth I think you such a piteous Object of Compassion, that sorry I am I can but pity you: I have endeavour'd farther, and to that end offer'd violence to my imagination, by new-moulding of you in my fancy: For tho' you have a Hatchet-Face, Sugarloaf-Crown, Saddle-Nose, Blub-Lips, and Wall-Eyes; I have new cast your Face in a Cherubim's Mould; I have also flatted your Shoulders, brought your Elbows within compass, pull'd in your Bum, set the right ends of your Legs upwards, corrected the waddle of your Gate, and erected your whole Fabrick: yet, in spite of Invention, (a Curse on the Misfortune!) as fast as I dress you up in my Fancy, the Ornaments fall off, and your
self

LETTER IX.

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Self starts up through all. Nay, I have gone farther; for tho' your Voice is harsher than the Mandrakes, I have endeavour'd to fancy it sweeter than the enchanting *Syrens*; tho' in three hours you spoke not three words of sense, to conceit all the while I was hearing *Apollo's* Oracles; and tho' an eternal dulness sits upon your Face, to represent you to my mind a perfect *Mercury*: But still, like Oyl on Water, your *very Self* will get uppermost, and there sit nodding like the God of Sleep. Thus have I endeavour'd to conquer all Antipathies; but they (alas!) in spite of all my industry, have got the Ascendant: Therefore now, in return of all my pains, I must address to you for Pity and Compassion; never more to torture my Ears with the old Fustian Love Dialect, brew'd over and over, long since brought to the Lees, and the Spirit of that distill'd off; or to blast my Eyes with eternal Tautologies of *Nymph, Divine, Goddess, Altars, Shrines, Darts, Fires, Flames*, and the rest, pall'd a thousand times over by every Bully of the Town on common Trulls; but to be a good Boy, dry your Eyes, wipe your

C4

Nose,

Nose, and go to School to learn to speak sense, and you shall find me as much as e're I was before,

Sir, &c.

LETTER X.

To a very lean Gentleman.

I Cou'd admit of your Proceedings, might I retain you only during the times of *Lent*, Heav'n seeming to design you for that use, by setting in you the Picture of Famine before our Eyes; and they may well be said to abstain from Flesh, who feed only on Skin and Bones. In troth I know no other use to put you to, except by conveying a Light into you make you serve for a Lanthorn; or to set you up in an Orchard to scare the Birds by the rattling of your Bones. An Army of such wou'd miss two general Attendants; for a *Louse* cou'd not quarter upon you living, nor a *Crow* make a Meal upon you

LETTER X.

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you when dead. But then your Enemies might do their business by Air-Guns, for a strong Wind wou'd blow you all away. Therefore I think you more fit for Sea-Service ; for shou'd the Ship split, you are too light to drown ; nay, might save the Vessel, by being ty'd about her like Corks to buoy her up. But being oblig'd in Gratitude to make return for your Civilities, I know not how better to do it than by good Advice, which is, to feed well on Pease and Cabbage ; they'll blow up your Skin, which hangs about you like a Morning-Gown, and give you Bulk, for hitherto I suppose you have liv'd on Clysters Beware of Treasonable Conspiracies, for you are so thin, a Man may read a Secret through you ; and if you marry, let it be with a gross Dutch-Woman to give you Ballast ; for so yoak'd, you may venture out in a Storm. But for my part, I had as lieve lie with a *Porcupine*, for I shou'd be continually expecting your Bones, like his Quills, to be darting into my sides. Yet if such Favours as these may conduce to the fatt'ning of you, you shall not fail of being continually supply'd of them by,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER XI.

To a Country-Gentleman.

I Must acknowledge the only thing in
 your Amours that hath any Influence
 upon me, is the Prospect of a Country
 Life; a Life of that Blessedness, that all
 the Poets have crown'd it with their loft-
 est Strains, still sending their Souls thi-
 ther, tho' they contented their Bodies with
 a Tavern here in Town. There shou'd I
 be charm'd every morning with Flakmony
 from the tops of Trees, Caw, Caw, Caw;
 after throughly wak'd with the sprightly
 noise of Horns, yelping of Hounds, and
 halloing of Hinds. Up I get, clap on
 my Shaving Bever, and see my Servants,
 Pigs, and Poultrey have their Breakfast;
 next, examine the Proceedings of my
 Dairy. Anon home comes my Husband
 with his Companions, after the Heroick
 Exercise of finding a Hare and losing a
 Fox. So to Dinner; where I am enter-
 tain'd

tain'd with Learned Discourses of Dogs and Horses, where they are Anatomiz'd, and every Dog's particular Character elegantly set forth, whilst others tell all the Salleys and Doubles of vanquish'd Puffs, with the Shifts and Tricks of sly *Reynard*. At length we rise from Table, and all to sleep. Towards the Evening I am wak'd with a full Consort of Musick; a Pig against the Wind, or hung in a Gate, strikes up a Trebble, an Ass gravely puts in a Tenor, and a Bull grumbles a Bass. By and by in come my honourable Visitors, Farmers Wives, from the next Village; I treat them with Sugar'd Beer and roasted Apples, whilst they entertain me with the Diversions of the last Wake: How *Timothy Trebble* broke his Fiddle about a Sowgelder's Head for out-noising him; Of the Amours of *Thom Trot* and *Joan Higginbottom*, and how *Joan* stole a Pudding from her Mother to treat him with; Then an Account of their Dancing Matches and Bawdy Betts; and how at last they all got drunk, and so fell asleep. So, after Ceremomes of leave, my Visitors depart, and all to bed. Thus every day (like the glorious Sun) we rise, pass over
the

the same things as the day before, and to Bed. Nor is to be omitted the improving our Minds there in Natural Philosophy. By observing the Cuckow, telling us Summer is coming, and always in one Note, much like our living there ; The Swallow taking her leave, and bidding us prepare good Fires, for Winter's at hand ; The number of Field Mice foretelling the increase of Owls ; The quantity of Haws, what Woodcocks we are like to catch ; and the Cow heaving her Rump against Rain. Then, to shew my self a publick-spirited Person, and born for the Good of my Country, my Closet is made an *Apothecary's Shop*, and every morning numbers attending at my *Levee* with itchy Fingers, kib'd Heels, and scabby Heads. Also the Diversions we have there ; A Comedy of Original Clowns at *Christmas*, whereas we are contented with Copies of them in Town. A full Dinner speaks the *Prologue*, the *Acts* are continued with lofty Feats of Activity, jumping over Stools, throwing Weights from their Knees, and breaking their Shins ; walking on Trenchers, and breaking their Noses ; the dangerous Adventures of Snap-dragons, and the like.

At

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At last, *March-Beer* strikes the *Epilogue* ;
all get drunk, and lie scatter'd about the
Fields next morning. Not to mention the
Interludes of *May-day* , Harvest-Feasts ,
Mummings, Wakes , and Wassel-Bowls.
Now this Country-Life coming so near
the State of Innocence, we ought religi-
ously to approach it: therefore give me
but some Thirty Years to shake off the
Follies and Vanities of the Town, that
I may come fitly prepar'd, and then you
may hear further of my Resolutions here-
in, from,

Sir, &c.

LET

LETTER XII.

To a Gentleman that boasted of a Lady's Favours.

THO' some wou'd say your Face must be well arm'd with Brass, to bear all Batteries, in appearing again; yet I rather think your late Conduct was an effect of your Ingenuity, fairly to let me know what a slight leaky Vessel you were, to warn me, before I ventur'd any thing of moment by you; except it was that you were ambitious to let the World understand you was not us'd to Ladies Favours, by making such a noise of one, thence to encourage your Rivals, by satisfying them you were out of hopes of more: For Ladies Favours are like a Fairy Treasure, which vanish upon Discovery. Since your Talent lies not in engaging in Amours, it wou'd be more profitable for you to follow it in its own way, and get a Town Crier's place; where
tho'

tho' you have but a Groat for stretching your Lungs, it will turn to more Account than all your future Favours you are likely to receive this way. Certainly Nature (tho' she mistook your Sex) design'd you for a Midwife, to open your Mind of all you knew at next Gossipping. Yet the truth is, I ought not to impute that to your Fault, which is your Infirmit-ty ; for since you have not strength of Brain to digest a Secret, you must of necessity throw it up. But after all, the cause might be in my self ; for I began to repent my Kindness ; so apprehending change of Weather, the As fell a braying, as it is but natural to that Animal. Yet I would not quite break with you, lest I shou'd have occasion to publish my Mind in some things ; and then it is but giving it You under the Seal of Secrecy, confirming it with a Smile, and then I need not doubt of all the Town's soon knowing of it. But I think it great Cruelty to impose upon you the keeping of a Secret, since it puts you to so much pain till you are delivered of it : therefore shall not load you herein for the future beyond your strength , but measure out
my

my Kindness by your Capacity ; which yet will be a Kindness, since it will put it out of your power to commit such little Follies, which may expose you to the Ridicule of the rest of our Sex, as they have already done to that of,

Sir, &c.

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LETTER XIII.

To an Alderman at Dublin.

I Must be very stupid, not to perceive the many Honours your Proposals wou'd confer upon me; That I shou'd take place of all the Cheesemongers, Butchers, and Chandlers Wives, in the Ward whereof you are Alderman; That on the *Lord Mayor's day, Easter*, and other *Shew-days*, I shou'd appear in my Glass-Coach, the Idol of all the Oyster-wives, Costermongers, Coblers, Tinkers, Stocking-menders, and 'Prentices; my Heroe moving before in his Ensigns of Royalty, of Purple or Scarlet, with a huge Jack-Chain about his Neck, mounted on a Steed caparison'd with a load of guilt Brass. But then the expectations of seeing the day which will make him a Lord for a Year, and the Lord knows what for ever after! with all the Glories of his Inauguration! The Triumphal Pageants, adorn'd with

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the

the Spawn of Broom-men and Goldfinders, metamorphos'd into Gods and Godesses; and one of them making a Speech in wicked Rhime in praise of his Honour's heroick Actions: But above all, a particular Pageant, representing the Noble Employments of his Life, whether it were Cooper, Soap-boyle, or Feltnaker, and the Artificers of his Calling at their Employ. Then (like Queen-Regent) I take place of the last Mayoress, whilst she remains but Dowager; but the mischief is, when the Year is out, thou'd a Tallow-Chandler be Mayor, he sets his Pot of Kitching-stuff above me, whilst my Sovereign Lord remains *abdicated* for ever. However, while he Reigns, his Power is Desporick over Prentices, Night-walkers, and Vagabonds. Nor are his Revenues small, which he raises like the Great Turk: For as He presents his Vassals with brave Horses, rich Saddles, &c. with assurance of a manifold return; so his Lordship on his Festival Days presents Spoons, more fit for his Subjects, to feed their Children, (which they cannot want, if their Wives are handsome and fruitful) and is presented back with divers times their value. Nor are

to be omitted his solemn Cavalcades, with all his Train, when he sits on his Horse, with his Scales in his hand (like the Picture of Justice) weighing Butter and Bread in the Streets, with many other awful Solemnities, as full of Grandeur. But all these Honours will not tempt me to pull the Curse of the Poor upon me, by defeating all their Hospitals of their expectations, whilst you remain single; and prevent your being a Father to the Poor, by being a Father to your own, or your Wife's Children, (which we know is the same thing to a Citizen;) which wou'd also lessen the Noble Obsequies might hereafter attend your Funeral, when the Blue-coat Boys shou'd bawl their Thanks to Heaven for your Charity and timely Decease. Your desisting herein, wou'd therefore be for your own Honour, as well as the Ease of,

Sir, &c.

LETTER XIV.

To a Gamester.

I Always lov'd Courage in a Man, and in my opinion a Gamester shews greater proof of it than a Soldier, since it argues a Mind more strongly made up to bear a perpetual Misery, (which the Gamester continually hazards) than the sudden dispatch of a Soldier. This is usually attended by another prime Vertue in you, which is so conscientious an Honesty, that you are so far from incroaching on the Right of others, that you are scrupulous whether you have a Right to your own, by continually putting it to the Test. Then you shew a Philosophical Contempt of the World, by throwing away at a Cast all you retain of it; and with great Bravery of Mind defie Fortune, by often putting it out of her Power to hurt you. You so much slight the guilded Bubble Honour, (that Idol of vain Fools)

that

that when your Money is gone, you pawn it for more, and throw it after the rest; then grace the Burial of both together with a Volley of Oaths. But you must give me time to reduce my Affections to this Philosophical way of living; for I must confess I am not yet so mortified to the World, as to be content, after I have been one day in the Park with my Coach and Equipage, next day (they being lost) to trudge in the dirt afoot; nor so fallen out with my Plate and Jewels, as to desire they shou'd all in one night be banish'd from my sight for ever; nor yet so solicitous of Vexation, as to put my self in a way to be teaz'd out of my Jointure afterwards. When I am Mistress of so much Vertue as to rise to this height of Contentment, your Address (but not before) may be acceptable to,

Sir, &c.

LET-

that when your Money is gone, you
pay it for more, and throw it after the
rest; then grace the Burial of both toge-
ther with a Volley of Oaths. But you

LETTER XV.

To an Usurer.

Since Money commands all things, and
You command That, of what ex-
tent; must My Empire be, that have the
Dominion over You, as you let me un-
derstand. And over a Person who hath all
the Arts; not only to keep, but to im-
prove his Wealth; and by such laudable
ways, tending to the increas of Piety,
and the Good of the Commonwealth. By
ruining of Widows and Orphans, you
raise Objects for Charity; and if some did
not make Objects, others wou'd want
Objects to exercise their Charity upon,
and Charity wou'd be banish'd out of
the World. You prevent young Heirs
(committed to your charge) from being
debauch'd with the Allurements and Tem-
ptations of the World, by cheating them
of their Estates. By your supplying of
Prodigals, you occasion the circulation
of

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of Money ; and if you take their Land at half the value, it is yet a kindness to them, since you disburden them of a load above their manage. If you lend Money to young Merchants at Forty in the Hundred on good Pledges, to pay Foreign Bills and Custom, you occasion thereby that the King hath his due, and the Merchant is kept on his legs : And since it is the Will of Heav'n that some shou'd fall and others rise, You are the Instruments of Providence to pull down the first, to make room for the last. You are the most loving Husbands in the World, since you love your Wives infinitely above your selves, tending them to Heav'n through Afflictions, whilst you are contented your selves to run headlong to Hell through Oppressions ; and the most tender Fathers in Nature, going to the Devil your selves, to make your Children great in the World ; nay, your last Breath expires in an Act of Justice, for then you give the Devil his due, and defraud him not of his Purchase, after he hath taken so much pains to make you his own. What tho' your Memory stink and rot ? Why shou'd That fare better than the Body, which of the Best

must stink and rot? But since it is necessary I shou'd shake hands with all Pleasures, which I must expect to be debarr'd of when I am your Wife, (except you wou'd let Me out to Use as well as your Money) and also to take leave of all my Friends, not being likely then to be in a Capacity of receiving Visits; All which when I have done to my satisfaction, you shall receive Advice thereof, from

Sir, &c.

LET.

LETTER XVI.

LETTER XVI.

*To a Gentleman that courted all he
came near,*

HAD I been left out of your Catalogue of Saints, I had fancy'd myself thrown by like the common Rubbish of the World: but now take not a little Pride to shine in the Firmament of Stars. But you tell me a Paradox, *That you will now be constant*; which is impossible; for shou'd you be constant to One, you wou'd be inconstant to your own Nature, which is always given to change. Besides, it wou'd be a great disadvantage to you; for now the same Complement serves our whole Sex, whereas shou'd you fix to one, Variety wou'd be expected: and doubtless the reason why you make but one Address to the same Person, is because you know not what to say a second time. Methinks it were a more fit use, than to make a Husband of you, to drive a Spike through

through your Sconce, and fix it on a Spire for a Weather-cock, where it might turn to court every fresh Blast of Wind. Nor would there be danger of hurting your Brains; for had you any, you could not be of this fickle Humour; since it shews want of Judgment in your Choice, or of Reason in your Desisting. Or if ever you had any Brains, doubtless the Wind-mill in your Head hath ground them to Mustard by this time; which yet are not wholly lost to you, that being, you know, proper Sawce for a Goose. But I admire, since you still covet a change of good Faces you can bear with the repetition of your own in a Glass! except it be, that when you are just come from an handsome one, you view your own for variety. Yet, after all, (to confess the truth) I really believe that you are wrong'd in your Character; and that your continually changing ariseth not from an Inconstancy in your own Nature, but from the Unkindness of our Sex; whilst You, finding the Wind begin to veer about, sail off with a Side-wind, before it blow full in your Face, as it will speedily do, if you fly not
with

with speed, and for ever after desist from farther attempts upon,

Sir, &c.

LETTER XVII.

To an Old Bachelor.

THO' some might object against the tender of your Affections, after the infinite rejections you have met with from our Sex; and conclude, that having been so often blown upon, you must of necessity be full of Maggots by this time: yet I must confess it hath a different Influence upon me, and is an Argument of much Bravery of Mind, and Noble Fortitude, that after so many Repulses and eternal Batteries you shou'd have the Courage still to face the Enemy; and tho' you have the ignominious Terms thrown upon you, of *Driv'ling*, *Sniv'ling*, *Moulay*, *Musty*, *Fusty*, *dry'd old Toadstool*, fit for nothing but to make Gunpowder to shoot at

Cats

Cats with : what can shew a greater Magnanimity, than patiently to go through these Sufferings, and, like the Palm-Tree, to shoot up through all Oppressions ? But shou'd I accept of your Proposals, you have been so us'd to denials, that you wou'd not know what I meant by Consent; but concluding your constant Fate attended you, raise the Siege, and leave me as a Town not worth owning. Or shou'd you in time be brought to conceive my meaning, it wou'd certainly be dangerous to alter a Habit, which Custom hath made a second Nature to you. Besides, an universal Curse wou'd be fix'd upon me, for depriving the Town of their continual Jest. Therefore be advis'd to plod on in your old beaten Road, till Boys make Potguns of your Shins to discharge in a Volley at your Interment, where all our Sex will be Mourners, for your defeating them of the Object of their Mirth, and in a more particular manner,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER XVIII.

To a very big, fat Gentleman.

I Wonder you can desire a speedy Answer, when it will take a Months time to examine you all over: Nor can I do it but in the cool of the evening, for the thoughts of You wou'd put me into a Sweat at any other time. Besides, I must take time to prepare a Room with a ground-floor, lest your weight in another thou'd sink us both into the Cellar in the midst of our Amours, where soak'd in a Butt of Sack, we might after be serv'd up in Pickles. But, in general, I must acknowledge you a very Great Offer, sufficient, if equally divided, to serve ten reasonable Women. Nor do I doubt of the Antiquity of your Pedigree, supposing you descended in a right Line from one of the Giants before the Flood, whom *Noah* took into the Ark to carry out the Camels and Elephants, in case they thou'd have

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have been Sea-sick by tumbling upon the Waters. Nor is your Bulk a little advantage to you, since, shou'd you incline to Wickedness, you might defie the Devil's venturing to fetch such a load; except he slic'd you out, and carry'd you by parcels. Nay, such a value I have for your Person, that I had rather have That settl'd upon me in Jointure than your Land; being well assur'd, in case I am Survivor, I may raise a great Sum by your Tallow, and furnish all the Markets with your Tripes: And doubtless that Mountain of Mummy wou'd be of great advantage to my Posterity, by disposing of it to Apothecaries. But yet I must acknowledge I have not Courage enough to venture on your Mightiness; for as *Jove* lying with *Semele* burnt her to Ashes, so undoubtedly wou'd you stew me to a Jelly: And shou'd you chance to roul over me in your Sleep, you wou'd certainly leave me as flat as a Pancake. Therefore, if you wou'd render your self agreeable to me, you must reduce that Load of Lumber: To which end, let your Drink be only Vinegar, your Bread made of Oatmeal mix'd with Sand,

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to scowre the better, and your Bed a Bag
of Flints. All this endur'd but one Year,
or only till you may be drawn through a
Gold Ring, and you may meet with a
ready compliance from,

Sir, &c.


Your Bills are all protested. But I under-
stand your farther design is to draw me
rigat: I'll oblige you, I'll assure you, how
you come under Hardship: for they that
adventure on your Sex, meet strange
rough on Land; they need not take the
sea into the Articles. Besides, I hear con-
tinually of English Admirals, either by
other Affairs, that I shoud be continually
in fear of your being blow'd up. And how
disagreeable is it that whilst you are cast-
ling for rotten Rains and mouldy figs

LETTER XIX.

To a Merchant.

ON the Tenth instant your Vessel arrived on our Coast, fraught with your Brains for an Adventure : But, whether they were damag'd before shipp'd off, or suffer'd by some Storm after, they appear now but in a scurvey condition ; which has done you that discredit, that your Bills are all protested. But I understand your farther design is to Man my Frigate : I'll take care, I'll assure you, how you come under Hatches ; for they that adventure on your Sex, meet Storms enough on Land, they need not take the Sea into the Articles. Besides, I hear continually of such sad Accidents, either by carelessness in the Gun-room, or in your other Affairs, that I shou'd be continually in fear of your being blow'd up. And how disagreeable is it, that whilst you are chafing for rotten Raisins and mouldy Figs

in

in a Foreign Country, I shou'd lie under the mercy of your 'Prentice at home! and when I expect you to return richly laden, and odoriferously perfum'd with Gums, Spices, and Ambergreece, find you only strongly scented with Tar, Punch, and Tobacco; and laden with more Foreign Vices, than your Carracks with Foreign Commodities! Yet, if I lov'd you well, I must be always wishing you at Sea, to keep you in a state of Salvation; for you never pray but when y'are in danger of sinking. You see Wives under so much Slavery abroad, that you grow Tyrants at home; and the only charming Quality in you is, that you punish them not much with your Conversation. But that not being a sufficient counter-balance for the rest, I must desire you to hoist Sail and be gone, for here is no anchoring in my Haven. Shou'd you threaten further chase, know I am a tight Frigar, light built, and a nimble Sailer, so shall bear off with all the Sail I can make, till you have lost sight for ever of,

Sir, &c.

LETTER XX.

To a Gentleman on his Similes.

I Had a tolerable opinion of my self, at least thought I might have been a humane Creature, till I found my self represented in your Letter for a Monster, patch'd up out of Animals, Vegetals, and Minerals : For you give me Cats Eyes to shine in the dark ; Cherries for Lips ; and a Mouth like an Oyfter, with Pearl in it instead of Teeth ; my Complexion is of Lillies, with Roses stuck on them instead of Cheeks ; 'tis well you remember'd the Roses, or you had made a Ghost of me before my time ; tho' I think Strawberries and Cream had been a more natural Complexion : Then a Neck of Alabaster ; you shou'd have carv'd me all out of Stone, like *Pygmalion*, and then I had been of a piece : But I wonder you shou'd find fault with my Heart being of Rock, since that and my Neck are the only agreeable parts,
being

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being both of Stone. To give the Monster a futable Mind, you call me Witch, in that I have charm'd you, and say I steal into your Devotions, and so mistake me for the Devil, whose Office that is. Then for employment you give me a Jaylor's place, and say I have put Chains and Fetters upon you ; calling me also cruel and hard hearted, which is a futable disposition for that Post. But what is most strange of all is, that believing me this abominable Creature, you pretend to love me. Now if I be not all this, you abuse me, and must expect a futable return : but if I really am this, and you as really love me, 'tis impossible I shou'd have a good opinion of your Judgment, or that you are in your right Senses ; and by consequence, that Helebores and Sleep wou'd be more beneficial to you than any return of Affection from,

Sir, &c.

LETTER XXI.

To an old Gentleman.

AGe being honourable in it self, it must certainly be a great Honour for me to receive respects from it ; nor am I ignorant of the many advantages accruing from your Proposals : That I shall enjoy the double Affections of a Father and a Husband ; Your Wollens and Searcloths will keep me in a due sense of my Mortality , from the thoughts of the Woollen Act and the *Aegyptian* Mummies ; Your Impotency and Jealousie may keep me to the performance of my Baptismal Vow, in renouncing the World and the Flesh, and then we may defie the Devil. Your Deafness will secure my Brawlings from reprehension, and your Dimness my Imperfections from detection. Your Cough and Ptytick will serve me for a Larum to call me up to my household occasions. I shall daily prosecute the principal End of my

my Creation, which in our Sex is to be a Nurse. I shall not be in danger of the certain Troubles, but uncertain Comforts, of Children. Shou'd I find my Body wickedly inclin'd, your flaving Kisses wou'd recover me to an aversion for the whole Sex. My Days wou'd pass away in grave and wile Instructions, and my Nights in continual Rest, free from those disturbances Youth might give me; nay, shou'd I not be satisfied with this course of Life, your years wou'd keep me in continual hopes of a better, and secure me from pining away for grief at your departure. In consideration of these, and many more advantages, I most thankfully accept your noble proffers: But since old Men are said to be a second time Children, I wou'd only stay till you are grown up to be Man, and then be assur'd of a full compliance of all within the power of,

Sir, &c.

LETTER XXII.

To a great Drinker.

THO' your Enemies think to injure your Character, by representing you a great Drinker, I must freely acknowledge I think it the only quality in you worthy regard, and that can give you any hopes of my good will : for a Man that is in Drink is not himself ; and tho' I cou'd never fancy your *very self*, I know not how I might your *other self*. Then also, being reported to be loving in your Drink, I might be in hopes of your loving me the greatest part of your life. Besides, what a noble Spectacle must it be, to see my Heroe take up the whole Street to reel in State, valiantly defying every Post he meets, and so hardy as to batter them with his Noddle ; then strutting like an Emperour ! Yet, to shew it's Greatness of Mind, and no Pride, to see him as often with all humility rousing himself in the Kennel !

LETTER XXII.

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Kennel! What tho' the Vulgar call you Beast? hath not *Jove* often transform'd himself into a Beast for his Recreations? And since happiness ariseth from the results of a Man's own Opinion, and not from what others please to opine for him; whose can be so great as the Drunkard's? who can be as Witty, Valiant, Great and Brave at the expence of a few Bottles of Wine, as others through great Toil, long Fatigue, and vast Expence. Then to observe your Wisdom in your Wine, to hear you falter, lisp, and stammer, without one plain word, that you may not be trepann'd into Treason; and so prudent in your Affairs, as to cast up your Accounts in Bed every night before you go to sleep. Nay, your very Sleeps are divertive to great Souls, from the Warlike Noise your Bagpipe-Drone makes. But you promise you will give over this course of Life, which being the only Motive that inclin'd me in your favour, the renouncing that quality must by consequence cancel that inclination in,

Sir, &c.

LETTER XXIII.

To a Projector.

I Am amaz'd that after your most ingenious new Projects, you shou'd engage in that dull old Project of Matrimony ; but since it is so, I advise you to prosecute it, with the same indefatigable industry you do your other most darling Ideas, and then (as of them) there is likely to come nothing of it. But believe you shall accomplish it, with all the assurance your Imagination can frame it to you, or your heart can wish, that I may not be accessary to the opposing Destiny ; for you know it is the Fate of a Projector to be deceiv'd : Tho' I think it were Prudence not to proceed to tie this Knot, till you had found out another Project to untie it, if occasion shou'd be ; for doubtless upon the next new Notion you will be for laying this aside ; and then what pity will it be, to find so fruitful a Fancy fetter'd,
and

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and what loss to the Commonwealth ! But were I worthy to advise, it shou'd be to change your thoughts of this Project for the inventing a Mathematical Engine to destroy Maggots, having such an opportunity from the number of your own to make Experiments. And what a Product might comè thence, from all those of your own Tribe, as also from Vertuosos, Chymists, Poets, Beaux, Fortune-stealers, &c ! Thus you might become as useful in your Generation as Sir T. C. who invented the Flea-trap, to the great ease of Grooms, Footmen, and Ostlers ; or as *Sidrophel*, who invented a Rat-gin, into which Vermin wou'd run on purpose to be taken, to the saving a great expence of Cheefe and Bacon in this Kingdom : but particularly by the destruction of your own, to the quiet of all that know you ; and perhaps thence cure this Love-mange that hath infected you, and so occasion no farther trouble in this kind to,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER XXIV.

*To a young Scholar, newly come from
the University.*

I Must be very blind, not to see the many Graces of your Person, your simpering Smile, your formal Bow, your eloquent Hums and Hau's; and, if my barbarous expressions may not offend your learned ears, your Hat and Band in *cuervo*, and your *queer looks*; and tho' my dullness will not let me perceive any Wit in your Language, for ought I know it may be very learned. Of all which my Merits being infinite short, it may be more advantageous to your Preferment to flatter some Great Man for a Chaplainship, in hopes of a small Benefice, ty'd to an antiquated Chambermaid, skill'd in Salves and Marmalade, that may cure and comfort the *Bodies* of your Flock whilst You cure their *Souls*; that may understand to nurse up your little Tith-Pigs, and dispose of your
Tith-

LETTER XXIV. 39

Tith-Egs in Caudles, to nourish you after your edifying Labours. What tho' in such a Post you grace the lower-end of my Lord's Table, rise when the Tarts come, and stand Centinel by the Cistern? or shou'd his People send you two or three miles in the morning to take the Air for Egs and Butter? you know Humility is the Glory of your Function. But since your Estate lies in an Ounce or two of Brains, be careful in your Morning's Walk to keep your Head warm; for 'tis not impossible, after all these Condescensions, to come to be a Bishop; and tho' there be ten thousand Blanks in that Lottery to one such Benefit, yet you have the more encouragement, in having the Proverb on your side to be *fortunate*; and then I will not doubt of your Blessing in return for this Advice; till when I intreat no more of your precious time may be cast away upon,

Sir, &c.

LET.

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LETTER XXV.

To a travell'd Gentleman.

IS it possible that You, who have seen so much of the World, shou'd be content to be ty'd up in one corner of it? But what you say being only on the Faith of a Traveller, shou'd I credit it, I might rather become the Object of your Jest than of your Esteem; For it were in vain for me to think to monopolize to my self a person who hath a Mistress in every Country to retire to. Or cou'd I detain you, the Bird which makes the whole Groves echoe whilst he hath the open Region to range in, being confin'd to a Cage, grows sullen, and sings not at all. Besides, you are generally so charm'd with the contemplative Lives of the *Italian* Wives, that you expect the like Vertue at home: and I must acknowledge I am not yet so fallen out with the World, as to be willing to be lock'd up from all Converse in it. But, to
do

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do you Justice, tho' you run in pursuit of other Tongues till you forget the Propriety of your own, it must be confess'd that generally you are so far from that Pedantick Inclination, that you bring home more Foreign Diseases than Foreign Languages. But then Travel so improves your Minds, and so opens your Eyes to see those Improvements, that you expect a regard accordingly : Now my stupidity being so great, that I cannot see the least improvement you have made ; but, on the contrary, that you carried out a *Man*, and brought home a *Monster*, patch'd up with the shreds of divers Languages and Manners, may fail in my respect to you. So, shou'd you continue your solicitations to such an undeserving Creature, I must conclude, that as all Travellers are subject to Losses, so you have had the misfortune to lose your Brains, and then must enjoin you to travel once more till you find them, and till that time to defer any farther Address to

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER XXVI.

*To a Gentleman that pleaded the Merit
of his Love.*

DOubtless a real Love to a Person merits a great Regard and Esteem from the Person belov'd: But some are so foolish, as to mistake a Love for Themselves for an Affection for their Mistresses; thinking an earnest and restless Industry to obtain them only for a gratification of their own Fancies, must pass for a Love to Them: and that they extremely oblige them, when they court them to embrace their own Aversion. Their Vint'ners will expect other Pay besides their being pleas'd with their Wines; but these Sparks esteeming their Mistresses of cheaper Purchase than a Bottle of Wine, think it a valuable consideration for their Surrender, if they are pleas'd to do them the Honour to like them. But I have another opinion of *your self*, and wou'd believe Yours an honourable

LETTER XXVI. 63

able Affection for Me, unmix'd with Self-interest, which is mercenary; and such must of necessity tend to the accomplishing my Happiness. To confirm me therein, I desire but these Proofs: That when I see a person in whose Affections I can have a prospect of all that Felicity which you say you should enjoy in Me, I may have your best assistance in recommending my Character to him; for doubtless you will speak well of one you so much love: Or, at least, since you fancy it a Heaven to be in my Arms, you will decline farther Addresses till I also fancy it a Heaven to be in Your Arms. This you are in Honour oblig'd to, from your own words, since you say, *You desire my Good more than your own*; the ease also your desisting herein will give me, will be a farther demonstration of your Affection towards,

Sir, &c.

LET-

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LETTER XXVII

To a Lawyer.

I Must acknowledge a person of your prodigious Parts rather an Object for my Admiration than Conversation; being utterly incapacitated to hold Discourse with one who is able to put to silence the most Learned of your own Sex, either by strength of Argument, or by making them deaf with your Noise. You can confute the Philosophers Notion of No *Vacuum*, by daily proofs of the contrary in your Clients Purses. You can disprove their Maxim, *That all that hath a beginning must have an ending*, by shewing them there is no end of the immortal Suit. You have the Power of Creation, and can make a long Suit out of nothing; the Art of Divination, and can

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can foretell the Fate of your Client's Cause by the length of his Bags; also the Art of Multiplication, by giving perplexity enough for one Fee, may bring you in ten. You know the Secrets of Peoples Hearts better than themselves, and can inform them what to swear. You have an absolute Dominion over their Consciences, and can size them to any Cause and Fee. If any come to you *Forma Pauperis*, you let them return *Forma Pauperis*, as thinking it a Presumption to change the Figure Providence hath stamp'd upon them. You have a full Command over your Passions, can rail at your Adversary at the Bar till you foam at the mouth, and next moment shake hands with him over a Glass of Wine, and laugh at your Client: But when occasion is, you are very careful of his Health, by letting him breathe with Wits of Error, Demurrer, &c. when he is out of breath, that he may the more freshly pursue his Game. You are so firm to your Friend, that you stick close to him whilst he hath the strength of one Fee left; but when all the World hath forsaken him, you think

66 LETTER XXVII.

it not Prudence to appear singular. Nor are your other vertuous ways to Wealth to be omitted: You innocently undo Men with Equity, whilst others wickedly ruine them with Oppression. To shew you are no Respector of Persons, you take Fees on both sides; and to shew your Justice, you let him that gives most have most for his Money, and carry the Cause; letting them understand, that since Justice is the richest Jewel, it ought to bear the greatest Price. From these, and the like Noble Endowments, I think our Sex much unworthy to be your Yeak-fellows. But if you are ambitious of Issue, e'en lie with a pair of old Indentures, and get a Scrivener, that may live to curse his Father, for getting him with no more Sense than to write *Noverrint Universi*; and when you are *Sub-pæna'd* hence to the Court above (where the Souls of all your Clients will be Prosecutors) may he flea off your Skin to make Parchment, which may bear this Inscription for your Epitaph:

Here

LETTER XXVII. 67

Here lies a Lawyer, sold each blast of breath,
Till at the Bar he bawl'd himself to Death;
~~Who, tho' to th' Courts he ev'ry Term did~~
Had his Quietus e're he was a Judge. (trudge,
Nature and Strength promis'd more years to
(rail,
But Death (alas !) hath cut off the Entail.

Sir, &c.

Your Letter shows you much esteem
for me; and, altho' it be not my
Profession, for once I'll turn Doctor, to
do you good. You say you are tormented
with Lightning from my Eyes, talk much
of Fire and Flames. This denotes a high
Fever; take away fifty Ounces of Blood;
let your Drink be only Milk and Water;
your highest Diet Watergruel, with
your highest and they may help
your laying the Cause on my Eyes, alas!
I do not remember that I ever look'd up-
on you; it shows you were light-headed.
It seems you tell not day nor night: Take
a Dose of Camphire. 'Tis said, Thoughts
prevent sleep; therefore confine your self
to think on nothing but what is good, and
you will soon come not to think at all.
You say, you wash your Pillow with your
Tears.

LETTER XXVIII.

Advice to a Gentleman.

²**Y**our Letter shews you much distemper'd; and, altho' it be not my Profession, for once I'll turn Doctress to do you good. You say you are scorch'd with Lightning from my Eyes, talk much of Fire and Flames. This denotes a high Fever; take away fifty Ounces of Blood; let your Drink be only Milk and Water; your highest Diet Watergrewel, with frequent Juleps, and they may help. As for your laying the Cause on my Eyes, alas! I do not remember that I ever look'd upon you; it shews you were light-headed. It seems you rest not day nor night: Take a Dose of *Laudanum*. 'Tis said, Thoughts prevent Sleep; therefore confine your self to think on nothing but what is good, and you will soon come not to think at all. You say, you wash your Pillow with your Tears:

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Tears : This indicates a moist Brain. If the Rheum be more offensive through your Eyes, take Snuff or Tobacco, to bring it through your Nose or Mouth : But beware of Helebores in your Snuff ; it is a great opener, and may let your Brains out through your Nose, if you have any thing besides Rheum in your head. You tell me, you draw your tedious hours out in Grief and Sorrow : This is a Fit of the Spleen ; put a little Saffron in your Grewel, 'tis a great Chearer of the Spirits. Your continual Sighing is only Wind ; a few Cardamum Comfits will soon expel it. As for what you say of Chains, Bonds and Fetters, I suppose it only a cleanly expression, by which you mean you are bound or coſtive ; and then a Clyſter againſt the World. Till I hear you are perfectly cur'd of all theſe Maladies, you'll pardon me if I reſolve wholly to ſhun your Converſation, leſt your Diſtemper may be contagious, and infect,

Sir, &c.

70 LETTER XXIX.

LETTER XXIX.

*To a Gentleman that us'd to make a Jest
of Marriage.*

YOU will find my Advice (if follow-
ed) of greater kindness to you than
you court me to ; which is by all means
to continue in your former Sentiments :
For what pity were it, that You, who
had a Jest for every body, shou'd become
every bodies Jest ? And your ingenious
Arguments had that influence upon me,
that the very sight of you always rais'd
my Aversion to Marriage ; tho', to con-
fess my weakness, I was apt to relapse in
your absence. Besides, by that time I had
chang'd my Opinion again, you might be
re-converted, and so we shou'd always meet,
like two Buckets, only for a clash and
away. Tho' all before believ'd it was
your despair of Success, and not aversion
to the thing, detain'd you from it ; yet

you

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you might have had the self-satisfaction to have fancied others as short of apprehension as your dull Jest's were of sense; besides the advantage you had of a common Theme, in which (if you had any Memory) you cou'd never be non-plust, since it were only repeating what is daily said a thousand times over. And how much handsomer look'd it (like crafty *Reynard*) to say, *Tush, the Grapes were sour,* because out of reach, than like the Oaph to cry, *I wou'd if I cou'd!* Cou'd I be possibly brought to entertain your Amour, it cou'd only be on full assurance that you wou'd be constant to your new Principles; nor can I find any way to be satisfied herein, but by your continuing as firm to them for as long time as you did to your former; so that after some Twenty five Years proof, without the least deviation (and if I continue my self so long in the same mind) your Offers may be farther harken'd to, by,

Sir, &c.

LETTER XXX.

To the new Prognosticator of the Weather.

WHere the Publick is oblig'd, each private person is so, and ought accordingly to be grateful in their Acknowledgments; wherefore I hereby present you with my Friends and my own Thanks, for your late curious Accounts. But I must confess I was at great expence in Hoods and Scarfs, before I cou'd understand them; being so foolish as to fancy, that when you said *Fair* or *Foul* you was to be taken according to the Letter; not considering that occult Philosophy was wrapt up in Terms as hidden: But at last I found you was to be read backward, like a Witches Prayer, and that you meant *Foul* when you said *Fair*, and so on the contrary; and by this Calculation I find you generally true. I meet with many Opinions about the Methods you take

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take for your Discoveries: Some believe you keep a Set of Familiars, that you send the last day of the Month to scour the four Quarters, and bring you an Account what Squadrons of Winds are deputed from each Quarter, and what Cargo of Showres they are charg'd with. Others think you have a bitter Scold for a Wife, and that from her Aspects you can tell for a Month together what Weather you are like to have, what Storms will rise; and also of the Showres (which frequently follow in our Sex;) and so concluding (according to the Song) that *every Woman is the same*, make thence your Calculation for the whole Kingdom. But some will have it that you deal downright with the Devil, who (being the *Father of Lies*) occasions that you have not the luck of a common *Almanack-maker*, to speak Truth by chance. But the more thinking imagine the *Mystery* to be couch'd in that hard word, *BAROMETER*: and some (no more Learned than my self) asking my Opinion, what might be meant thereby? I told them, I thought the *English* of the word was, a *huge over-grown Maggot*; which,

which, according to the erecting and depressing his Head in your *Pericranium*, (like the rise and fall of the Quicksilver in the vulgar Glasses) indicated to you *Foul* and *Fair*; and that by his Tail you foretold the *Wind*, according as he vented himself that way. But doubtless you are in the right (if you go by an Instrument) to make them *Portable*, that they may be readily carry'd out of the Kingdom, being likely to have but a short run here. Yet, between our selves, I believe all that to be but a Blind, and that what you go by is the *Sciatica*, or *something else* in your Bones, and so prudently began at the Fall of the Leaf, since *Spring* and *Fall* are likely to be your surest times: wherefore, for the Good of the Publick, and your own private Profit, the increase thereof will heartily be wish'd, by,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER XXXI.

*To a Gentleman who promis'd to forsake his
kept Mistress for her sake.*

IT must certainly be a high demonstration of your Affection, to sacrifice your dear Saint to your Passion for Me; nor can any thing be so pleasing to the imperious Vanity of our Sex, as to insult on the Ruins of a former Mistress: But methinks your Proposal carries a Caution along with it, That I am to be upon my good Behaviour, otherwise a Precedent is pointed out for me, of what I must likewise expect; and then (if I knew not how to live without you) I shou'd chuse rather to be your Mistress than your Wife; the first, if forsaken, is banish'd into Liberty; but the poor Wife into a stricter Confinement. But after all, if you shou'd be now sick of the Mistress, and take this opportunity only to break
with

76 LETTER XXXII

with her : what a hopeful Proof of your Constancy must this be to Me ? and what a Jest shou'd I deserve to become, to be vanquish'd by an instance of your Falshood ? Nay, I shall be won on worse terms than your Wench ; she might know of no Falshood in you, whilst you make That your Argument to Me. But methinks it had been a better, to have told me she had cast You off ; for then you had been free without any infringement of Honour. Yet I may wrong your Noble Disposition herein, since after Marriage I might have found you so honourable as to be constant to your first Amours : and, to confess my frailty, there is not that sweet Complacency in my Temper, as to take delight in being made another's Property. And, in my weak Judgment, it were more becoming to present a Wench with a Woman of Honour's leavings, than to present a Woman of Honour with a Wench's leavings : Therefore, if you think fit to make a tender of your Heart to Me, I shall make a tender of it to your Mistress, as thinking She hath more Right to it, having doubtless pay'd dear for it by this time.

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Y^e to the next that addresses
 to be to facilitate what good will I have for
 by following your Example, which shall
 approve of your generous Action, than
 kind Offices, I know not how better to
 time. Y^e to make some return to your

LETTER XXXII.

To a Shopkeeper.

TIS, doubtless, ignorance of your way of living, makes Ladies think it a lessening to be Shopkeepers Wives; for however the Husband confines himself to his Cell, the Wife takes her Liberty beyond any Lady; whilst he is so far from Jealousie of her not being Honest, that he is rather jealous lest she shou'd prove to be so, and he thereby disabl'd from bearing up his Crest as lofty as the rest of his Neighbours; which wou'd bring his thriving into doubtr, nay, be enough to bring his Creditors upon him. Then, in the Summer, her Pleasure at *Epsom*, whither the Good Man comes down on *Saturday*-nights, with his Gloves in one hand, and his Cane in t'other; and

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and if he has her then, who's will may have her the rest of the Week. Then the many Honours and Dignities he is capable of, and of conferring on Her. When he is Church-warden; to place her in one of the highest Pews; When he is Master of his Company, to set her at the upper-end of the Table; Then the joy of her heart to see him in Glory on a Training-day, wrapt up in Buff like a Heroe, and shooting at Butterflies in the Artillery-ground. Nay, she goes not to Church without her Equipage of her Gentleman-Usher (which is the Foreman of the Shop) leading her under the Arm, and two Prentices for Pages, following her. What tho' in a bitter morning she sits behind the Counter, dress'd like a Mermaid, only from her Waste upwards? She hath all the Criers in the Town going by to divert her; and above all, her dear *Hubby* still in view, ambling backwards and forwards (like a Conjuror in his Circle) his fifteen Foot compass before his Shop; sometimes flapping his hands about his sides to warm 'em. By and by the Football comes by; he kicks That, and another

80 LETTER XXXII.

ther kicks him ; down falls *Timothy*, and
 sprains his Huckle-bone ; the 'Prentices
 with Pearls at their Noses carry him in ;
 whilst his dear *Kixey-Wixey* is chasing
 him with *Hungary-Water*, out fly the
 Lads, away flies the Ball, and up fly
 their heels ; by and by they return with
 batter'd Shins, to the great Consumption
 of brown Paper and Candle-ends ; which
 she also administers. Another time her
 Foot slips, and down comes She in the
 Dripping-pan ; then the 'Prentices help
 Her ; and thus you live in mutual Love
 and Tenderness together. But I must
 not omit your politick ways of Thri-
 ving, which wou'd have pos'd *Machiavel*,
 to get Money by being robb'd, and to
 Thrive by Breaking ; that is, to rob
 your selves, and then compound with
 your Creditors upon it ; and so, like a
 broken Bone well set, to become the
 stronger after. Also your ingenious Eva-
 sions and mental Reservations, clapping
 your hand on the Counter, and saying,
As sure as I stand on this place alive, it cost
me so much---- I cannot maintain my Family
at your Price ; that is, counting your
 Horse

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Horse and your Whore two of your Family : That it cost me so, or I stole it, which may be no Lie neither, if you had a handsome opportunity in the Merchant's Warehouse. What tho' you have a thousand tricks of Shamming, Lying, Wheedling, Cozening, &c. ? since they all tend to get Money, which is for your good ; and a design which tends to good, is a good design. Then you are the most complaisant people living, with your Hat under your Arm, *Madaming* a Tripe-woman ; and if you don't place your Respects right according to Degrees, it can be no great fault, since you see them in your Shop by a false Light : but if the Ladies are displeas'd at you for this, the Gentlemen ought to speak well of you, since they are often beholding to You for your Credit, and to your Wives for their Kindness. Thus you may conclude how I must of necessity be charm'd with your way of living ; and can only object, That your Air there is too close for my Constitution ; and shou'd you take a House for me in the Country, it would put me in mind of your own Proverb of

G

the

the Candle lighted at both ends : therefore
must banish you my thoughts for ever,
for fear of being tempted to what may
prove obnoxious to the health of,

Sir, &c.

to get Money, which is for your good ;
and a design which tends to good, is a
good design. Then you are the most com-
plaisant people living, with your Hat in-
hand, and your hands always a little warm ;
and it is not to place your respects right
according to degrees, it can be no great
mistake to be in your shop by
night light, but if the Ladies are dis-
pleased at you for this, the Gentlemen
will be well of you, since they
are often depending on you for your
Garden, and to your Wives for their
Kitchens. Thus you may conclude how
kind of necessity be charmed with your
way of living ; and can only object,
that your Air there is too close for my
constitution ; and should you take a
Ride for me in the Country, it would
be in mind of your own Property of

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LETTER XXXIII.

*To a Gentleman of Birth and Title, but
no Estate.*

Nothing certainly charms our Sex
like Titles of Honour, which feed
our two darling Sins, Pride and Revenge;
for by Them we may take place of those
have affronted us, and look down on them
at a distance. Honour sets the Stamp on
us, and distinguishes us from the common
Clay of the World. It gives us the Fami-
liarity of the Great, and the Adorations of
the Vulgar; makes our Healths, Sleeps,
and Dreams enquir'd after: It enhanceth
our Vertues, and casts a Vell o're our
Vices: nay, turns our Vices into Ver-
tues: It gives us the Eulogiums of the
Poets whilst living, and brave Epitaphs
when dead. But supposing my self this
happy Creature, shou'd I call for my Page
and half a dozen Footmen for the Park,

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and find them all summ'd up in one dirty Boy, with a grey Coat turn'd up with Blue? Shou'd I expect about us at Dinner your Gentleman, Steward, Gentleman of the Horse, Butler, and other Officers, find them all appear in the shape of one thin-jaw'd Coach-man? Or calling for my Chamber-maids, House-maids, Landry-maids, and the rest, find them all in the Figure of one frowzy Wench? Shou'd I, looking in my Wardrobe for Cloaths for the day, find them all compriz'd in one Stuff Gown? Or looking into my Cabinet of Jewels, find all my Orichets, Brooches, Lockets, Armelets, &c. contain'd in one French Pearl Necklace? and all my Plate consist in two Silver Spoons and a Caudle cup? Shou'd I find all things thus, and all the World call me Lady, I cou'd never fancy my self to be one. Therefore when you have found a way to fatten up this grinning Honour so as to smile upon me in a handsomer manner, you may expect a more favourable reception from,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER XXXIV. I 83

Court want: The great Officers have
those of Your Degree for their Followers;
and You have your Followers, Servants,
and Penknives for your Followers;
and all alike rewarded; for as
the Great Ones pay You, you in like

LETTER XXXIV.

and no disgrace, since the more you owe,
your Credit is certainly the greater;
and it is more than one that
is trusted, than one that no body will
To a Courtier.

YOU acquaint me with the large hopes
of Preferment you have from some
Great Men, (and doubtless you are in the
right to frame such hopes to your self,
for Life without hopes were a dull fatigue)
tho', I must confess, being of a healthful
Constitution, I shou'd like to feed on a
grosser Diet: Yet, as for *Attendante* and
Dependance, so much objected against by
our Sex, I acknowledge I highly approve
of them; only wou'd have the Subject-
matter alter'd, and not to be on a Lord's
Smiles; but the *Dependance* to be on a
good Estate, and the *Attendante* the Ma-
nagement of it. It is very honourable to
have many Followers, which none of the

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Court want : The great Officers have those of Your Degree for their Followers, and You have your Tailors, Sempstresses, and Peruke-makers for your Followers ; and all alike rewarded ; for as the Great Ones pay You, you in like manner pay your Tailors and the rest ; and no disgrace, since the more you owe, your Credit is certainly the greater ; and it is more honourable to be one that is trusted, than one that no body will trust. Yet, if you pay not your Tradesmen, you generally pay their Wives, which is much the same thing in Law ; nay, and in a Coin sticks longer by them than your Money would. Now I know not how more agreeably to answer your Addresses, than by giving you *Hope*, that being the Air, the Food, the Solace, the every thing you live in and upon at Court : Therefore hope most heartily of my Affections, with this Provision, That you pretend not to it on better grounds than your other Hopes are founded on. And indeed I were not a fit Wife for a Courtier, could I not with Civility receive every Address,

smile

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smile on the Addressor, give him all
Encouragement of his Suit, and never
think on him after. That I may the soon-
er arrive to this Qualification, the first
Experiment shall instantly be made upon
yourself, by,

Sir, &c.

His mind give, and the Addresser give him all
 encouragement of his suit, and never
 think on himself. That I may the soon-
 er arrive to this Quiescence, the said
 experience shall instantly be made upon

LETTER XXXV.

To a Novice in Love.

BY no means pretend to the Title of
 a Lover, for at most you can be
 but a young Novice, not yet arriv'd to
 the Merit of a Smile; for you write
 tolerable Sense, which a Lover ought to
 be so wide of, that he is to retain no
 part of his Five Senses. When we are
 before his Eyes, he is not to see Us, but
 Stars, Constellations, Nymphs, and God-
 esses: If we sing, he must take no notice
 of Us, but fancy he hears the Spheres,
 Syrens, or the Choristers of the Air: A
 Touch of us must put him into Rapture,
 till he is past the apprehensions of what
 he feels: Instead of tasting our Kisses,
 he must taste *Nectar* and *Ambrosia*; and
 fancy

fancy he smells all the Perfumes of *Arabia*, if perhaps our Fans only are scented. He must forsake the Society of Mankind, and converse only with Groves and their Echoes, or in Soliloquies. He must forget all Literature, but so much as will serve to engrave the Name of his Saint on the Bark of Trees, and turn all his Reason into meer Rhime. He must forget to eat and drink, but consume his Days in Sorrow, Sighs, and Tears, and his Nights in a lamentable Whine of his Pipe or Fiddle under his Mistress's Window, till he brings all the neighbouring Cats and Owls, to bear a part in the doleful matter. Nor must his Fancy always retain the same Idea of us; sometimes we must appear Goddesses, as *Venus*, *Diana*, or whom he pleases; sometimes in humane Shape; otherwhile Birds, as the Nightingale, Phoenix, &c. sometimes the most savage Beasts, as Wolves and Tygers; and sometimes meer Stocks and Stones, as Rocks, Adamant, &c. nay, sometimes he must jumble the whole Creation together to make a Form for us. He must also neglect his Dress,

nay,

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say, so much as to wipe his Nose; and
if Nature hath not done her part suffici-
ently, he must join Art to Nature, to make
himself appear more an Als. Now till you
are all this, you will not appear worthy
to be thought a Lover; and when you
are all this, I shall not think you worthy
to be belov'd by,

on the Bank of Tices, He must for-
get and drink, but continue his
Sighs, and Tears, and
his Nights in a constant Wine of his
own or his neighbour's Wine-
now, till he brings all the neighbour-
hood and Oyle to bear a part in the dol-
our matter. For must his fancy always
retain the same idea of us; sometimes we
will appear Gossies, as Vines, Daisies,
or Whom he scolds; sometimes in the
same shape; and sometimes in the
shape of a Fox, or a Wolf, or a
Lion, or a Tiger; and sometimes in the
shape of a Rock, or a Mountain, or
a Tree, or a Bush, or a Flower, or
a whole (fearful) to make a form.
He will also neglect his Dits,
say,

LET

and whether he be for or against him
Head against the top of the other. What
Analogy the business of an honest man holds
with those of a Vertuoso? I know not.

LETTER XXXVI.

Your criticism on my last Letter, and your
Condemnation of my style, are both
and your praise of my subject, are both
a rare and a rare thing in a country.

To a Vertuoso,

TO receive a Letter from a Vertuoso! Why, tis enough to bring all the rest of your Sex into my contempt. How charming then must your Conversation be! To hear you in learned Arguments endeavour to prove there is no *Vacuum* in Nature, tho' at the same time your Heads open'd wou'd evince the contrary. To tell why a Tub of Water shall weigh no more with a live Carp put into it, than without the Carp? Why a Cask full of Ashes will hold as much Water as an empty one? To give the natural Reasons why a Dog turns round three times before he lies down? Why a Cat washes her Face against Rain? Whence the Ass receives such Pleasure in his singing, when he seems to take so much Pains for it? Why a Goose stoops at going in at a Barn-door? and

and whether it be for fear of hitting her Head against the top of the Barn? What Analogy the Brains of a Cod's Head hold with those of a Vertuoso's? Then to hear your curious Notions of the Rarefaction, Condensation, Compressure, &c. of Air; and your proving a Man may f-t freer in a rarify'd Air than in a condens'd, because there is not that compressure of ambient Air to keep it in; and the like fine Discoveries.. Also your learned Discourses of Atoms, computing how many go to a Barley-corn, and thence to know to a single Atom how many went to the building the World: To acquaint us, with their Figures; that a Vertuoso's Brains are compounded with round ones, (which is the reason they are in a perpetual Motion) to no purpose; That his Brain-pan is composed of hooked ones, which hold his Understanding so fast, that none is ever perceiv'd to come out; and so of other Figures and their Ends. Thus after all your Labours and Studies, you may most justly say with the Philosopher, (and 'tis allow'd for a wise saying) *That all that you know is, that you know nothing.* As to
the

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the Passion you speak of, I shall not say any thing ; not doubting but you have made Experiments on it, as on Air, to which it is so near a-kin, and by this time have rarity'd it to an *Æther*, and from thence to nothing: but your Conversation without that (when I have nothing else to divert me) will be very acceptable to,

Yours &c. Sir,

THE more I love you, as you write, I am very apt to believe, and am the more convinced by your tender Tread, that nothing in your Speech, and other Symtoms: and as all blinded with Love are subject to Errors, so are you not wanting in mentioning your self with severe Language for Excession thereof, by your kind Distraction, and exclusive way of living, resided from the World, Spring and Fall, but you'll get don me if I am not ambitious of the Glory of being a Martyr in your Religion, before I can become a Prophet: Besides, should You, who have such an Ocean of Love to pour on all your come again,

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you shall not say
over you have
to the experience of it as on all to
and by this time
and from
and your conversation
to LETTER XXXVII.
will be very acceptable to

To a Gentleman of the Town.

THAT you are a great Sufferer for Love, as you write, I am very apt to believe, and am the more convinc'd by your tender Tread, snuffling in your Speech, and other Symptoms; and as all blinded with Love, are subject to Errors, so are you not wanting in mortifying your self with severe Penance for expiation thereof, by your strict Diet, and reclusive way of living, retir'd from the World, Spring and Fall. But you'll pardon me if I am not ambitious of the Glory, of being a Martyr in your Religion, before I am become a Profelyte. Besides, shou'd You, who have such an Ocean of Love to pour on all you come anear,
con-

LETTER XXXVII 96

confine your self to one slender Rivulet. I must expect you to be continually breaking the Banks, and flying out; enriching other Grounds, whilst your own lies fallow. 'Tis true, I might reap returns from all your Salleys, and such as might stick by me as long as I live; but I could be better contented with the Product of our own Grounds only. Nor might I be in danger by you of going through the Pains of Child-bearing; yet I had rather suffer them, than only to be brought to Bed of a Disease, or at the most but a Complication of Diseases in the shape of a Child. Yet, in grateful return to your Civilities, I shall give you my best Wishes and Advice; which is, To be very careful of your Health; not to be up before nor after the Sun; Let no more Air into your Room in Foggy Weather, than may just suffice to breathe in; Let your Meat be thorowly roasted; Refrain Salt, four things, and Pepper. But above all, beware how you peep out of doors in stormy Weather, lest the next high Winds shou'd shake you to fitters; and I, if I then wou'd have you, be forc'd to gather
ther

LETTER XXXVIII.

To a Justice of Peace.

HAD I not a great Esteem for your Person, I durst not however reject your Suit, lest you shou'd issue out your Warrant, and commit me for opposing Justice: Yet the Prospect of the Honours and Enjoyments I have from your Proposals, have a greater influence upon me than all that. For what cou'd more feed my Ambition, than to be yoak'd to Authority? To see you gravely sit on a Bench of Justice, telling the Clock six hours, and nodding between, like the true Picture of Justice (which is painted blind) sometimes uttering your self, but very absurdly, as disdaining to throw away your better Sense upon Rogues: the sound of

H

your

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your Voice being sufficient to make them tremble ; but especially the fury that sits upon your Face towards Dinner-time ! But then to see your own Hall made a Court of Justice ! where you sit as absolute as the Grand Signior, whilst the particular Humour you are in is more respected than the Offences of the Criminals ; and woe be to them that are brought before you, when a Fit of the Spleen comes o're you. First, comes a Constable with his Night-work : One is accus'd of being sober at unseasonable hours ; Another for affronting of Authority, by disturbing a Watchman as he slept upon a Stall ; A third is accus'd of Burglary, for falling into a Cellar when he was drunk. A Wench is brought for presuming to trade without Money in her Pocket to bribe Mr. Constable ; Another for giving him the Pox ; and another for Night-walking, when she had ne'er a Lodging to go to. These are all committed or dismiss'd, according as they come provided. On the sudden a huge clamour is heard of Fish-wives, Herb-women, and Tripe-women, whose Larums proclaim their approach a whole Street before

fore them. By and by they enter. One takes out a Warrant against another for calling her Whore, when she can prove she hath had but three Bastards. A Tripe-woman accuses a Fish-woman for swearing, when she swears forty Oaths her self to make her Evidence good ; but that's nothing, she swears for the King. The Fish-wife indicts the Tripe-woman's Husband of a Nuisance, for having such a fat, foul Wife, and offending the Neighbourhood with her. One is accus'd of being drunk, she swears Assault and Battery against the other, for pushing her down, when she was not able to stand ; Another is committed for stealing Gold off of Gingerbread ; and another, because the Justice don't like his looks. So they all depart, and Mr. Justice and his Clerk divide shares in the Fees. But this is but part of your Income ; there are besides, your Quarterly Allowances from Bawds, and from Pawn-brokers for stoln Goods ; round Sums for winking at Sham-Bail ; Snacks with the Scavenger and Headborough ; Rents from the Stocks and Whipping-post ; Licenses for Puppet-shews, Monsters, and Ale ;

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Taxes on Bakers and Chandlers for false Weights, &c. Towards all which you exercise the Vertues of those two heavenly Attributes; *Mercy* and *Justice*; *Mercy* towards all that pay punctually, and *Justice* to the *non-solvent* and Interlopers. Upon the whole, I am so highly pleas'd with the Post you are in, that it wou'd break my heart, after Marriage, to find you displac'd: therefore only get a Patent for the Place, and you may command,

Sir, &c.

LET-

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which puzzles some to read as much as the
Neck-Veile does the naked eye. And

when the Divines think about the strict
 Divorces between Men and their Wives,

for the
LETTER XXXIX.

found no terror in the danger of
To a Gentleman not very Contagious

I Must confess your Character much
 takes me ; for Quiet being the greatest
 human Felicity, from whom else could I
 expect such comfort, in drawing together
 through the filthy Mire of this transitory
 World, as from so patient a Yeak-fellow,
 that is insensible of affronts to disturb him
 in his passage : Nay, your happy Tem-
 per wou'd secure me in all my Concerns :
 I shou'd not fear your Gaming, which you
 wou'd refrain, for fear of being beaten if
 you won ; I shou'd not be jealous of your
 Wenching, because Miss's roaring Bully
 wou'd terrifie and unman you ; And
 Drinking you wou'd shun, on account of
 the Quarrels which usually ensue ; I shou'd
 never fear a certain Billet being brought by
 a Gentleman's dear Friend, containing a
 Portion of Scripture call'd a Challenge,

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which puzzles some to read, as much as the Neck-Verse does the unlearned. And when the Drums thunder about the Street Divorces between Men and their Wives, for the supplying the Wars, they wou'd sound no terror in my ears of the danger of being made a Relict thereby. 'Tis true indeed, that they who will not fight with Men, will often beat their Wives; but 'tis better one shou'd suffer than both, as they must do in the Husband's misfortunes. Tho' you may be often subject to Caning, yet that will be less expence in Surgeon's Work than Scabbing; and besides, then you have the Law on your side, and surely that is a greater happiness than to have the Law against you, and renders you a better Subject. What is this thing call'd Honour? A word. What is that? Air. And what is that? Nothing. But Cutting and Slashing, I'll assure you, is something, and a sore matter too. Nay, shou'd you be press'd to the Wars, you wou'd be in less danger than others; since in all likelihood you wou'd receive your Wounds on your Posteriors, which are not so mortal as when before. But were there
real

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real Vertue in daring of Danger, you
wou'd shew it in venturing Hanging by
running away, which wou'd also be proof
of another Quality, which never fails with
our Sex, and that is Activity. Not to
mention the Impiety of a Man's defacing
the Image of his Maker, what Charms
can it add to his Face, to have it half lin'd
with Velvet? Or what Grace can one Knee
being propt with Timber add to his moti-
on? Thus you see my Judgment is wholly
on your side; but the misfortune is, my
Inclination (which is for a Man of Cou-
rage) happens at present to be too strong
for my Judgment, and prevents any Com-
pliance from,

Sir, &c.

H4

LET.

LETTER XL.

*To a Gentleman that had a great Opinion
of himself.*

I Admite you should offer a Parley, when
you need only send your Summons,
and command a Surrender: For how
should the weakest of the weaker Vessels
pretend opposition to your all-subjugating
Powers? who need only express your self
in *Cæsar's* Motto, since your Charms are
Fate's Commissioners; nay, Fate it self
your Slave. Your Eyes shoot more sure
Darts than *Cupid's* Bowe, and with every
Flight bring home a Conquest. Your Voice
puts the Spheres to silence, whilst they
listen to your more harmonious Airs, to
improve their Musick thereby; nor can
any hear you without wishing themselves
all Ears, or see your Person and not wish
themselves all Eyes: for your Complexion
puts *Aurora* to the blush, to find her self
become

Become your Foil ; *Cupids* lie basking in your Rays, catching at the charming Aurs ; and shou'd *Venus* see you, she wou'd bury all remembrance of *Adonis* in her new-created Passion for You. You breathe *Arabian* Gums and Spices. But your Poetry is all Extatick ; every Sentence a Rapture ; and yet not envy'd by *Apollo*, whilst he converts all his envy into admiration. If you frown, *Mars* trembles ; and *Jove* lays by his Thunder at your Anger : But when you gild your Face with Smiles, a thousand *Cupids* hover about to seize 'em, to add a force to their killing Darts. You cannot look on the most invincible Beauties of our Sex, but you leave them languishing ; and when you move, a whole *Galaxie* of Stars move with you, compos'd of their sparkling Eyes. Your most negligent Dress puts the most curious Art of others out of countenance, whilst your self is the great Pattern, which the most *adroit* with great industry but faintly imitate. Whate're you wear, receives an additional Grace from your Person : In your mounted Wig your Face looks like *Phæbus* drest up in all his Beams of Light, whilst your
Rays

Rays shoot through the Curls, like his
 through the waving Branches of the shady
 Groves; and when you leave Mortality,
 doubtless a Civil War will ensue among
 the Goddesses for the Propriety of your
 Person. All this I most sincerely believe
 you to be, with this small addition, viz.
[in your own conceit,] whilst the direct con-
 trary is thought by all the rest of the
 World, and so by consequence by

Sir &c

LET

LETTER XLII.

To a Gentleman that threaten'd to destroy himself, if rejected.

I Am infinitely oblig'd to you for your last ; for a Fit of the Spleen was coming over me, which that absolutely cur'd ; to find the old Gin to catch Woodcocks new vamp'd in modish Phrases, and presented to me for a new Invention. Nor did it a little divert me to consider what Death I shou'd put you to (for I find your Sentence is to come from Me.) I wou'd not have it by falling on your Sword, that being a common Player's Trick ; and it wou'd be thought you were practising your Part for the House, and over-acted it. Nor by Drowning ; for it wou'd not be for my Credit to have my Friend to go out of the World like Kittens and blind Puppies. And Hanging wou'd be very dishonourable ; that being the Fate
of

of Felons, and Dogs for worrying of Sheep. And by no means by Poyson; for that were to go out of the World like a Rat; and I wou'd not have my sweet Servant die like a stinking Verrmin. And shou'd you throw your self out of the Window, you might only break your Bones, and so come but lamely off. So, after many thoughts, I concluded the most proper Death wou'd be to hold your breath, and die backward, like an *Italian*; for dying for Love being so preposterous a thing, I wou'd have it by a Death as preposterous. Besides, since I take no delight in seeing People die, you wou'd doubtless have more Manners than to desire to breathe your Soul into my Bosom. Now, since I shou'd be principally concern'd in it, I think I ought to take care for your Epitaph, which shou'd be,

*Here lies the kindest Lover e're did part,
Who sweetly breath'd his Soul out in a F--t.*

If what you write you design'd for a Jest, you have your full Answer, in that Haugh at it abundantly, which is the end of a Jest:

Jest : But if in earnest, I shou'd shun (as my evil Angel) one guilty of Murder ; and really to intend it, is the blackest part of the Guilt. Besides, Self-Murder being the most unnatural, a lesser degree of Wickedness wou'd serve to take me off at any time ; and I must expect your daily improving in the Crime, since many who have only threaten'd it in jest in Courtship, have wish'd themselves hang'd in earnest after Marriage. Shou'd I be won by your Wickedness, it wou'd reflect on my Ver- tue ; and to be won by a Jest, wou'd re- flect on my Discretion : So either way you have debarr'd your self of all encourage- ment from,

Sir, &c.

LET-

LETTER XLII.

*To the Author of the Satyr call'd, The
True-born English-man.*

Your favour to our Sex in your Sa-
tyr, engages our Friendship; for
you tax Us only with *Noise and Pride*;
the first, the Mark of a Fool; and the last,
the Sin of *Lucifer*: And had you convers'd
with *Ladies*, doubtless you had spar'd us
even there. Having therefore profess'd
Friendship, I doubt not but you will al-
low us Freedom. You are certainly very
modest in reciting but one Instance from
Mr. Cowley, where he detects the Crimes
of the Age in general, and begins the Pa-
ragraph,

But in this thankless World;

Whereas

Whereas you might have found Thousands from Divines and Moralists, more to your purpose, without that unlucky word *World*, and so better have wrested their meaning, as fixing the Crimes to this Isle alone. You say you are no *Dutch-man*. No certainly; for (tho' figuratively) you lash them most severely. For why do you detect *incivility to Strangers*, but to put us in mind of Their Kindness to the *English* at *Amboyna*? Their Brutality to all Foreigners in their own Country? Their Insultings when here, whilst our Servants, and eat our Bread? How do you lash them, when you expose Drunkenness, one of the Heroines of their Nation, without which no Bargain is made, no Marriage consummated, in which all their honourable Duels are perform'd at *Snick and Snee*, and all their Courage in Battles inspir'd by *Bacchus*? whilst, you say, the *English* eat lustily, which strengthens the Nerves, gives no false Fire, and shews them more the Sons of *Mars*. When you tax Us with not being grateful to my Lord *P--d*, what is it but notoriously to lash Them
for

for Ingratitude? For 'tis well known my Lord was but a private Gentleman, by few known, during the Crisis of the Revolution. That which remark'd him, was the Negotiation with *France*, which equally with Us concern'd all the Confederates in general, but the *Dutch* in particular, who receiv'd the Honour of that Transaction from his being their Country-man; yet what Titles hath he had from this Government! what a vast Estate from the *English* Revenue, though a STRANGER to us! What Ingratitude was it in the *Dutch* in not out-doing us! and how much more, in doing Nothing for him! As for the extravagant Conceptions you say we had then of him, it is all News to us; none ever thought but we had divers as full Statesmen, nor look'd on that Transaction but as an effect of his Majesty's Wisdom; that my Lord was only the Trunk through which the King spake, for doubtless his Instructions were limited. You say, *the Dutch were pay'd, curs'd, and sent back.* What Nation does not discharge Foreigners their Territories when they have no farther use

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use of them? And perhaps (they being
most Artificers, who by means of their
Pay underwork'd our Poor) the Suffer-
ers might curse them. However, they
were paid : but they left Us to pay a vast
Army, sent to defend their Country. But
'twill be objected, it was for our own
Security. And so was their assisting us ;
for had not we been disintangled to assist
them, (the alone End of their Aid) where
had *Holland* been by this? For I will
challenge the World to shew one instance
of their generous Aid, where *Self* was
not at bottom. But you farther sharply
lash them, and say positively, page 9th.
That the Devil governs them by *Ava-
rice*; a Vice which includes *Ingratitude*;
and all baseness of Spirit. But for the Ho-
nour of the *English*, you make them still
the Race of the Conquerours ; allow
them Fierce as the *Britains*, Brave as the
Romans ; more inclin'd to Save than to
Conquer ; Humblest when Rich, Gentlest
in Command ; Forgiving injuries, &c.
And though you challenge us to prove
Ten Families from the *Saxons*, to make
amends you can find but one ancient
I Fami-

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Family in *Holland*; nay, you say our very Clime gives new Blood and Manners to the worst that come here. Thus far no *Dutch-man*. But then again *Dutch-man* all over. You are angry the *Dutch* were sent back: but why? You answer in alluding to the Conquest of King *William* the First, in express words, viz. He did not send his *Dutch-men* back, but canton'd out the Country to his Men, and made *Lords* of a parcel of *Rascals*. Who can blame your Anger for your Disappointment, having the like pretensions to Peerage? Besides, had you been *English*, you had not certainly (how true so ever) publish'd your own Parents to have descended of *Rakes*. Your discretion must be allow'd for going back but Two thousand Years to enquire of *Britannia* if she knew *English men*; for had you gone back t'other Two thousand years, there had been none but *Noachians*, and so you had brought all the World under the same Predicament with the *English*. But 'tis excessive absurd to make a Name a Subject for Satyr, being only a Mark of distinction; no Man ever priding in a Name,

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Name, but in the *Ad's* annex'd to it. As ridiculous is that Position,

A True-born English-man's a Contradiction.

What ! because he cannot prove Two thousand years descent ? whereas in all Nations, when a Man is Naturaliz'd, his Son is as true-born of that Country, as the most Ancient of it ; as formerly a Citizen of *Rome*, now a Gentleman of *Venice*, &c. But whilst you exclaim against Us for a Mixture, you say the same of the *Roman* Empire, when the most Famous in the World, page 11. That *Gauls*, *Greeks*, *Lombards*, &c. were contain'd in the Name of *Roman* ; nay, that the *Scotch* are mix'd with all the World. By consequence all the World then are mix'd as well as We. You say, page 24. *England borrows or makes all her Nobility* : And are not all the Nobility in the World made at home or abroad ? As for their Descent, all know the King is the Fountain of Honour, and Vertue the Subject-matter : if thence one is created Noble, certainly his Progeny are as truly so.

as (after all your pains to prove your own Forefathers *Scoundrels*) your self must be such. But, after so much labour to lessen the Honour of the *English*, by shewing their base Extract, in page 59. you allow our Ancestors to be Heroes. After that, that it signifies nothing to us what they were: So the scope of your Satyr hath been against just Nothing. The whole Poem indeed is fram'd of Contradictions. You say, page 31. we have every Grace but *Charity*, page 32. that we always *take* less freely than we *give*; which doubtless shews the noblest inclination to Charity. So that now you have allow'd us every Grace, what is become of your Satyr in the mean time? You say, page 32. the *English* are *ill-natur'd*; That their Favour is never to be recover'd by any Merit; if once lost. In the very next page, *That they are never angry long*; and in page 34. *That they forget and forgive Injuries*. In page 10. you make the Innocency of the *Britains* to be the occasion of their being conquer'd: in the very same page you make the Devil of *Ingratitude* to be the first occasion. In page 26. they

LETTER XLII

they are terrible, bold, and fierce: in page 33. both their Brains and Passions are cool. But it were endless to recite all of this kind. Then for your Stile, (not to mention your stately beginning with an old Saw) 'tis a hotch-potch of Satyr, Panegyrick, Heroick, and Burlesque. As to the strength of the Sense, I will only cull out the following from much of the like, because by the change of the Letter you put an Emphasis upon it, to shew it the more remarkable and study'd Nonsense, page 34.

Forgetting and forgiving Injury;
Which may be true, thus rightly understood,
Forgiving ill turns, and forgetting good.

Where forgetting and forgiving ill turns, if rightly understood, means forgiving and forgetting both ill and good turns. Fine Logick! As to your Rhime, Mr. Cowley says he does not allow in himself to end with two the same Syllables, not even in the most licentious Pyndarick Strain; and tho' he does it, 'tis still with a third to answer both; but he utterly

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disallows of it in all other Poetry. Yet you, in page 4. make *contend* rhyme to *pretend*; and in near twenty places more in the same manner; which is nauseous, especially where there is not more force to mitigate the Offence. To pass over your Verses with Badgers Feet, and infinite more things inconsistent with true Poetry. Some fancy it a Work of great labour as to the Historical part: but I, in your defence, told them, two hours reading in the Book from *Prideaux's* Papers wou'd give you every hint, and two more at *Billingsgate* all the Satyr, which consists in calling *Rascal, Rake, Scoundrel, Set, Whore, &c.* But to excuse all your faults, you say you saw *same*, but the Book was printed, and so too late to mend. What pity 'twas, that you cou'd not read your own hand before it was printed. But now, to reconcile your Country, I fancy you to be the Spawn of both Nations, got by a *Dutch Pot-Heroe* upon an *English Fish-wife*; deriving the Wit of your Arguments from the first, and the Delicacy of your Language from the last. Nor are you much unlike the famous

mous Dutch Boor-Painter, who, to be excellent in that kind of Draught, kept Company only with Tinkers, Chimney-sweepers, &c. nor cou'd he draw a Lord without giving him the Air of a Boor: So you (I suppose, with the like method in Conversation) use the same Phrases to Lords, Gentry, Clergy, &c. of *Sot, Rascal, &c.* You say, *our greatest Artists are the greatest Sots.* 'Tis well known Mr. Halley, Mr. Gibbons, Mr. Cook, Mr. Cross, Mr. Banister, and all our most famous, were always free from that imputation. But I suppose (like that Boor-Painter) you mean such as you converse with. To shew your Skill in Musick is as great as in Poetry, you say *our Choristers drink Wine to clear the Voice*; a thing of quite contrary effect; nay, that *Wine is the Balm that Surgeons pour into Wounds.* Oh what a fine thought! But 'tis well known your Dutch Vice is much left off here by the better sort. To reflect on the Clergy, you raise *Chimera's*, and then valiantly oppose them. Which of them recanted the Doctrines of *Non-Resistance* and *Passive Obedience* towards King James during

during his Government? Which of them hath receded from those Principles to the present? What Fathers took up Arms? Which of them sent to invite the King, or appears now uneasy under him, or the least defective in Loyalty? Your Satyr as much touches the *Chineses* as Them. But concluding none of this Dirt would stick, you call them the *drunken Clergy*; though 'tis confess'd by all People, that of so exemplar a Life as to Morals, so profoundly Learn'd in Divinity and all Philosophy, there is not a Clergy in the World. But I ask their pardon, that I shou'd seem to think your senseless Reflections worthy notice. Despairing of being sav'd by your Clergy, you appeal to the King in a Panegyrick of such extravagant unnatural Flights, that it looks more like a Banter: But, as if the Devil wou'd you a shame, you have prevented all hopes of Mercy there, by being more sawcy with Him than all the rest. You tax him with want of Consideration, *page 42.* for letting the Clergy swear. You reflect on his Honour and Wisdom, *page 25.* That he creates Peers of Men of no Merit,

Merit, who have only Impudence and Money to recommend them. Nay, you have the impudence to call him *Madman*; for you say, page 52. he were a *Madman to trust English Gentlemen*; and he hath sufficiently declar'd his Confidence in them. You highly derogate from his Glory; for instead of being Monarch of a brave People, you make him only the Head of *Banditti*; nay, worse; for you say our Ancestors were Thieves and Robbers, and that we degenerate from them. So that, shou'd he use your Dialect to the Parliament, instead of saying, *My Lords and Gentlemen*, he must say, *My Rogues and Vagabonds*. Nor certainly can he like your Commonwealth-Principles; for in page 43. you say, *If the People fancy they have not Right, (for you make Them Judges) they may send for Foreign Aid; That if the King breaks the Postulata's to the Government, the Power returns to the People; That Laws are superiour to Kings*. Surely you ne'er read an Act of Parliament. Is the Creature above the Creator. But what ignorance do you betray, when you say *this is the Voice*

Voice of all Nations! Is it of *France, Germany, Spain, Turkey, Persia, &c.* Certainly you will not make a King of *Poland* a Precedent for the whole Universe. You conclude with a single Example to represent the whole Kingdom, than which nothing can be more absurd. Yet every particular of that may be easily refuted, but that I think your Censure is more for *Sir Charles D——b's* Honour, than your Panegyrick would be, since it is with the same black Breath you endeavour to blast the Clergy, Lords, and Commons with; nay, in that very Character you bring in the Devil instigating the Parliament, page 58. Upon the whole, I find but one lash affects the *English*, and that is a severe one, which is in calling your self an *English-man*. Will not Foreigners say, What nasty Birds are these *English*, that they will defile their own Nests! What Miscreants, that they are contented to render odious all their own Ancestors, so the Infection may taint their own Kinsmen and Country-men! But the Comfort is, none will give ear to such a *Judas*. With what Front can you accuse others of Treachery,

chery, when the design of your whole Pamphlet is to betray the Honour of your own Country to the contempt of Strangers, they who will do that, will make no bones of betraying the Country it self to them; as it is held more base to betray a Man's Reputation than his Person. The *Romans* wou'd have wanted a Name for such an one. But the Riddle is, Whom was this Poem calculated to please? Not the *King*, after the gross Reflections on him. Not the *Nobility*, for you say, page 13. *They are descended from Norman Rascals and French Troopers.* Not the Gentry, for, page 24. *they are made such of Rakes.* Not the City, page 25. *their Magistrates are Porters, Draymen, and Footmen.* Not the *Williamites*, for 'tis all levell'd against them, as Betrayers of the King after they had set him on the Throne. Nor yet your Idols P ——— d and S ——— g, page 18. you call them *new-made Lords*, and page 25. you say, 'tis *Money and Impudence makes our new Lords.* Nor can you please the *Dutch*; for page 9. you say, *the Devil governs them by Avarice*, which Vice contains Ingratitude and all baseness

ness of Spirit. Nor will They, or any, trust one who betrays his own Country; at least, if they hug the Treason, they will abhor the Traytor. It can only please the Rakes of all Parties; They may dote on such a Champion against Religion and all good Manners, as also the Devil their Instigator, to whose Protection I commit you.

LET-

LETTER XLIII.

The Ladies Conclusion.

Gentlemen,

IT is no aversion to your Sex, or design of a single Life, occasions my refusals ; but my aversion to your Follies and Vices. If it be ask'd, What manner of Person may be acceptable? I answer,

*A gen'rous open Heart, yet one
That will not be impos'd upon ;
Knows to increase, without the Vice
Of loath'd, damn'd, griping Avarice ;
Facetious in Discourse, yet free
From Malice and Scurrility ;
That's complaisant, 'thout Affectation ;
Tenacious, without Reservation ;
Holds fast his Honour, without noise ;
Seeks Mens good words more than applause ;
Of*

*Of Promise slow, Performance quick ;
Obtains his Ends 'bout Fraud or Trick ;
Well dress'd, but not in Habit vain ;
Well read, without Pedantick strain ;
And Travell'd, if to Knowledge bent,
But not t' return worse than he went ;
Of Courage full, to face his Fate,
Yet tender and compassionate ;
Knows to be Head, but not to have
His Wife in Bondage, like a Slave ;
That's temp'rate, constant, and sincere :
But such are few of You, I fear ;
Yet shew me such a Man, and I
With him will gladly live and die.*

6 MA 50

FINIS.

